

# **ROWAN UNIVERSITY**

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Basic Financial Statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

# Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024	15
Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2023	18
Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023	19
Notes to the Financial Statements	20
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Schedules of Employer Contributions	75
Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	76
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	77



KPMG LLP Suite 4000 150 John F. Kennedy Parkway Short Hills, NJ 07078-2702

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Trustees Rowan University:

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Rowan University (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements for the years then ended as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial
  statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of employer contributions, the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and the schedule of proportionate share of the total OPEB liability be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

KPMG LIP

Short Hills, New Jersey December 19, 2024

#### Introduction

This section of Rowan University's (the University or Rowan) financial statements presents our discussion and analysis of the University's financial performance for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 with certain comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022. Since this discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, it should be read in conjunction with the University's basic financial statements, which follows this section. Management has prepared the financial statements and the related note disclosures, along with the discussion and analysis.

#### **University Overview**

Rowan University is a Carnegie-classified national doctoral research institution dedicated to excellence in undergraduate education. A public research university, it has campuses in Glassboro, Camden and Stratford, New Jersey, as well as online programs. Rowan is recognized for its nationally ranked academic and athletic programs, talented faculty and researchers and high-tech facilities. Rowan prides itself on being able to provide its approximately 22,000 students an outstanding education at an exceptional value. Rowan marked its Centennial year in 2024.

The University comprises eight academic colleges and nine schools, including the William G. Rohrer College of Business; the Ric Edelman College of Communication & Creative Arts; the Henry M. Rowan College of Engineering; Virtua Health College of Medicine & Life Sciences; the Colleges of: Education, Humanities & Social Sciences, Performing Arts, and Science & Mathematics; Cooper Medical School of Rowan University (CMSRU); Rowan-Virtua School of Osteopathic Medicine (SOM); the Rowan-Virtua School of Translational Biomedical Engineering & Sciences; the School of Innovation & Entrepreneurship; the Rita & Larry Salva School of Nursing & Health Professions; the School of Professional Studies; and the School of Earth & Environment, along with the interdisciplinary John H. Martinson Honors College and the School of Graduate Studies. The Shreiber School of Veterinary Medicine (SVM) is expected to welcome its first class in 2025. Rowan's Division of Global Learning & Partnerships offers flexible undergraduate and graduate programs on campus and off site – including at two area community colleges – and online. Within these colleges and schools the University offers more than 90 bachelor's degrees, 48 master's degrees, nine research/scholarship doctoral degrees (Ed.D. and Ph.D.) and two professional doctoral degrees, a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.) and a Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.).

Rowan is one of four public universities in the nation to offer M.D. and D.O. medical degree programs. With the addition of SVM, expected in 2025, the University will be one of two universities in the nation to offer three medical degrees.

The institution is also home to the South Jersey Technology Park, which fosters the translation of applied research into commercial products and processes. In 2024, U.S. News & World Report ranked Rowan among the top 100 public universities in the nation. The publication ranked the University #98 in Best Value Schools; #120 in Best Colleges for Veterans; #113 in Best Undergraduate Engineering Programs; #171 in National Universities overall; #211 in Top Performers on Social Mobility; and #392 in Nursing.

Additionally, Rowan has been designated as an R2 institution (high research activity) by the Carnegie Classifications of Institutions of Higher Education. This distinction has only been attributed to 133 of more than 3,900 colleges and universities across the country.

In August 2023, the Chronicle of Education named the University the fourth fastest-growing public research university in the nation.

Rowan University is licensed and authorized by the State of New Jersey (the State) to offer baccalaureate degrees, post-baccalaureate certificates, master's degrees, specialist programs, graduate certificates, doctoral programs, and professional programs in accordance with its programmatic mission as a comprehensive public research university. The New Jersey Legislature appropriates funds annually to support the University. However,



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

the University operates autonomously from the State. Rowan is accredited by the Middle States Commission on Higher Education.

#### **Financial Statements**

The University's basic financial statements include three financial statements: statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and statement of cash flows, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These statements focus on its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, expenses, and cash flows on an entity-wide basis.

GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 (GASB 100). This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. GASB 100 defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity. Under this Statement, accounting changes would require restatement of reported periods as well as additional note disclosure. The requirements of this standard are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023 (fiscal year 2024).

During the fiscal year 2024, Rowan Global Inc (RGI) executed a settlement agreement to take 100% ownership in Rowan Educational Services, LLC (RES) resulting in it becoming a wholly owned blended component unit of RGI which is subsequently a blended component unit of the University. Therefore under GASB 100, there has been an adjustment to the beginning net position of fiscal year 2024 in the amount of \$0.4 million to reflect the inclusion of RES in the financial statements as of the beginning of fiscal year 2024.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the University as of the end of the fiscal year. The statement of net position is a point of time financial statement. The purpose of the statement of net position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the University. The statement of net position presents end-of-the-year data concerning assets (current and noncurrent), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

Net position is one indicator of the current financial condition of the University while the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year.

From the data presented, readers of the statement of net position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the University. They are also able to determine how much the University owes vendors, investors, and lending institutions. Finally, the statement of net position provides a picture of the net position (assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities minus deferred inflows of resources) and their availability for expenditure by the University.

Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, provides the institution's equity in property, plant, and equipment owned or leased (including similar subscription arrangements) by the institution less any debt outstanding to finance capital activity. The next category is restricted expendable net position. Restricted expendable net position represents amounts available for expenditure by the institution but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position is available to the University for any lawful purpose of the University.



A condensed summary of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position as of June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 follows:

Condensed Statements of Net Position (in thousands)					
	2024*	2023	2022		
Current assets \$	220,577	235,218	252,355		
Capital assets, net	1,072,063	1,046,711	1,037,581		
Other noncurrent assets	427,439	235,444	275,417		
Total assets	1,720,079	1,517,373	1,565,353		
Deferred outflows of resources	129,106	137,624	61,535		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,849,185	1,654,997	1,626,888		
Current liabilities	197,182	182,033	147,994		
Noncurrent liabilities	1,405,026	1,208,195	1,187,531		
Total liabilities	1,602,208	1,390,228	1,335,525		
Deferred inflows of resources	115,068	133,135	162,040		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,717,276	1,523,363	1,497,565		
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	186,691	196,472	174,782		
Restricted expendable	42,777	36,816	29,244		
Unrestricted	(97,559)	(101,654)	(74,703)		
Total net position \$	131,909	131,634	129,323		
* Fiscal year 2024 presented with Rowan Educational Services, LLC (RES) as a wholly owned component unit.					
RES was established and reported in fiscal year 2023 as a 50% of	wned joint venture.				

Current assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, deposits held by trustees under bond agreements for current principal and interest payments, the current portion of lease receivables, as well as other receivables, current portion of investments and other current assets. Noncurrent assets consist of deposits held by trustees under agreements for capital activities and long-term capitalized interest, investments, lease receivables, as well as other receivables and net capital assets. Deferred outflows of resources consist of those related to pensions and the loss on bond refinancing. Current liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued expenses, unearned revenue and the current portion of bonds payable, leases payable to component unit, other long-term debt and financed purchase obligations. Noncurrent liabilities consist of compensated absences, unearned revenue, other liabilities, deposits held in custody for others, bonds payable, net pension liability, leases payable to component unit and other long-term debt. Deferred inflows of resources consist of those related to pensions, the gain on bond refinancing, deferred amounts for leases to be recognized in future periods, and service concession arrangement.

# Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

The University's total assets increased \$202.7 million from \$1,517.4 million at June 30, 2023 to \$1,720.1 million at June 30, 2024. Current assets decreased \$14.6 million, capital assets increased \$25.3 million, and other noncurrent assets increased \$192.0 million.

The primary causes for the changes in assets are as follows:

• Within current assets, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents increased \$12.3 million primarily due to maturities and converting short-term investments into cash for operations and acquisition of capital assets. Restricted cash and cash equivalents increased \$7.6 million, primarily as a result appropriations related to



the SVM. Receivables decreased by \$2.6 million, primarily as a result of a decrease in State of New Jersey receivables of \$4.7 million and professional services of \$2.8 million offset by an increase of \$1.6 million and \$3.5 million in student receivables and interest and other, respectively. Investments decreased by \$40.9 million, primarily due to maturities and converting short-term investments into cash for operations and acquisition of capital assets. Restricted deposits held by trustees increased by \$7.9 million.

- Net capital assets increased approximately \$25.3 million primarily due to an increase in construction in process of \$39.8 million, building improvements of \$22.0 million, equipment of \$19.8 million, and right-of-use assets of \$11.3 million, offset by depreciation and amortization of \$71.1 million.
- Other noncurrent assets increased \$192.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2024. The increase is primarily due to a \$202.7 million increase in noncurrent restricted deposits held by trustees as a result of new bond issuances for capital projects.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$8.5 primarily as a result of the amortization of the loss on bond refinancing of \$5.7 million.

Current liabilities increased \$15.3 million. The increase is primarily attributed to a \$14.8 million increase in accrued expenses and a \$4.4 million increase in the current portion of long-term debt, offset by a \$4.1 million decrease in unearned revenue due to student deferred revenues.

Noncurrent liabilities increased \$196.8 million. This increase is due primarily to an increase in long-term debt of \$150.7 million resulting from the issuance of new bonds and an increase of \$47.2 million resulting from capital grants received from the State of New Jersey.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$18.1 million due primarily to the decrease of \$13.6 million in pension related deferred inflows of resources and a decrease of \$3.7 million in service concession arrangements.

Total net position increased by \$0.3 million at June 30, 2024 which is primarily the result of a \$6.0 million increase of the expendable restricted net position and a \$4.1 million increase of unrestricted net position, offset by a \$9.8 million decrease in net investment in capital assets.

# Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

The University's total assets decreased \$48.0 million from \$1,565.4 million at June 30, 2022 to \$1,517.4 million at June 30, 2023. Current assets decreased \$17.1 million, capital assets increased \$9.1 million, and other noncurrent assets decreased \$40.0 million.

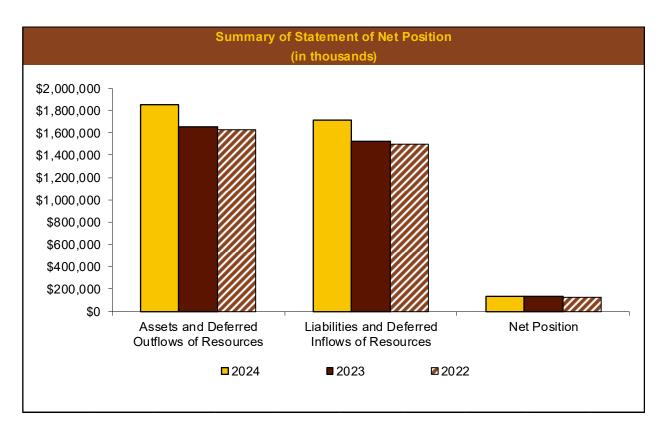
The primary causes for the changes in assets are as follows:

- Within current assets, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents decreased \$35.9 million, primarily as a result of increased transfers to investments. Restricted cash and cash equivalents increased \$3.8 million, primarily as a result appropriations related to the SVM. Receivables decreased by \$5.0 million, primarily as a result of a decrease in grants receivables of \$5.3 million and professional services of \$3.6 million offset by an increase of \$2.4 million and \$0.8 million in student receivables and interest and other, respectively. Investments increased by \$15.5 million, primarily due to \$12.7 million increase in unrealized gains. Restricted deposits held by trustees increased by \$2.4 million and other current assets increased by \$2.0 million.
- Net capital assets increased approximately \$9.1 million primarily due to an increase in building improvements of \$54.5 million, equipment of \$16.3 million, and land improvements of \$1.3 million, offset by depreciation and amortization of \$63.0 million.
- Other noncurrent assets decreased \$40.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2023. The decrease is primarily due to a \$34.5 million decrease in noncurrent restricted deposits held by trustees and a decrease of \$4.0 million in long-term investments.

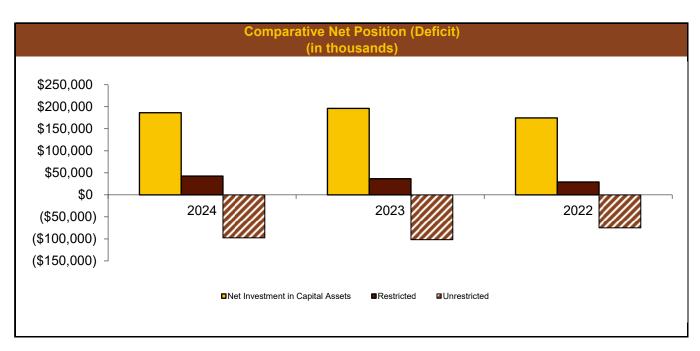


6

- Deferred outflows of resources increased \$76.1 million primarily due to loss on bond refinancing of \$77.3 million with direct placement debt of the Industrial Development Authority of the City of Phoenix, Arizona (IDA) Series 2022A and Series 2022B bonds.
- Current liabilities increased \$34.0 million. The increase is primarily attributed to a \$29.5 million increase in current long-term debt, \$3.1 million increase in unearned revenue due to grant funds received in advance, and an increase \$1.4 million in accrued expenses.
- Noncurrent liabilities increased \$20.7 million. This increase is due primarily to an increase long-term debt of \$18.2 million and an increase of \$8.2 million in net pension liabilities, offset by a decrease unearned revenue of \$2.7 million and leases-component of \$0.7 million.
- Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$28.9 million due primarily to the decrease of \$26.4 million in pension related deferred inflows of resources.
- Total net position increased by \$2.3 million at June 30, 2023 which is primarily the result of a \$27.0 million decrease in unrestricted net position, offset by a \$21.7 million increase of net investment of capital assets and a \$7.6 million increase of the expendable restricted net position.







# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The year to year changes in total net position as presented on the statement of net position are based on the activity presented in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the University, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the University, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains, and losses received or spent by the University.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the University. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the University. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, state appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the State to the University without the State directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues. Other revenues include capital grants and gifts primarily provided by the State under specific capital project proposals for which revenue is recognized as allowable expenditures occur.



The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the University's results of operations. A condensed summary of the University's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 as follows:

Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)					
(	2024*	2023	2022		
Operating revenues:					
Net student revenues \$	307,000	283,352	283,453		
Grants	128,931	126,288	98,332		
Professional services and contracts, net	41,648	50,481	56,574		
Other	21,508	11,975	10,851		
Total operating revenues	499,087	472,096	449,210		
Operating expenses	803,810	717,239	690,395		
Operating loss	(304,723)	(245,143)	(241,185)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
State appropriations	266,885	246,549	235,693		
Gifts from Rowan University Foundation	15,315	14,373	13,845		
Investment income (loss), net	17,889	11,718	(5,970)		
Interest on capital asset related debt	(33,025)	(30,501)	(37,300)		
Other nonoperating revenues, net	2,894	3,398	44,526		
Net nonoperating revenues	269,958	245,537	250,794		
(Loss) income before other revenues	(34,765)	394	9,609		
Capital grants and gifts	34,592	1,916	154		
(Decrease) increase in net position	(173)	2,310	9,763		
Net position – beginning of year (as restated)	132,082	129,324	119,561		
Net position – end of year \$	131,909	131,634	129,324		
* Fiscal year 2024 presented with RES as a wholly owned component un 2023 as a 50% owned joint venture. Fiscal year 2024 beginning net po		•	•		

reporting change under GASB 100.

# Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

Net position decreased \$0.2 million as a result of fiscal year 2024 activity. The University's total net position increased \$0.3 million in fiscal year 2024. This net amount primarily represents the total revenue available to the University of \$836.7 million compared to total expenses of \$836.8 million as well as an increase to beginning net position of \$0.4 million resulting from GASB 100.

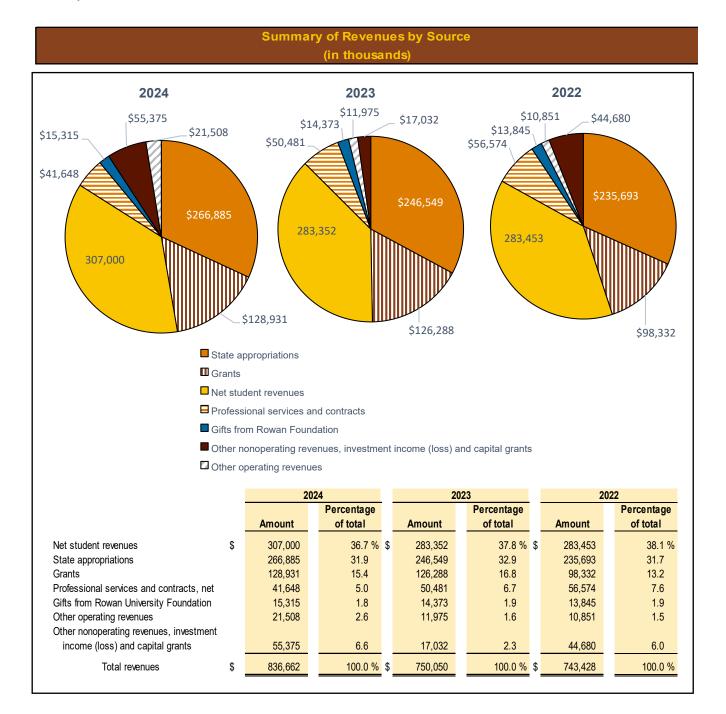
# Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

The University's net position increased \$2.3 million in fiscal year 2023. This net amount represents the total revenue available to the University of \$750.0 million compared to total expenses of \$747.7 million.



#### Revenues

To fund its operations, the University receives revenues from a variety of operating and nonoperating sources including tuition and fees, auxiliary services, grants, professional services and contracts, State of New Jersey appropriations, gifts from the Rowan University Foundation and investment income. The University is continuing to seek additional funds from all possible sources to adequately fund operating activities. A summary of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 as follows:





(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

# **Operating Revenues**

#### Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

Operating revenues for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 increased \$27.0 million over fiscal year 2023. The majority of this increase is due to net student revenues of \$23.6 million, offset by a decrease in net professional services and contracts of \$8.8 million.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

Operating revenues for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 increased \$22.9 million over fiscal year 2022. The majority of this increase is due to grants of \$28.0 million, offset by a decrease in net professional services and contracts of \$6.1 million. The increase in grants is due to the University's efforts in increasing grant revenue from federal, state and private funding sources.

#### **Nonoperating Revenues (Net)**

#### Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

Nonoperating revenues (net) for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 totaled \$270.0 million and \$245.5 million, respectively, which is a \$24.5 million increase. This primary source of this increase was State of New Jersey appropriations which include the University base appropriation as well as appropriations for CMSRU, SOM, SVM, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) revenues and the State paid fringe benefits. The University recorded \$266.9 million and \$246.5 million in State appropriations for fiscal year 2024 and 2023 respectively. State of New Jersey appropriations increased \$20.4 million of which \$27.2 million was fringe benefits as a result of an increased fringe rate, \$6.3 million was a base appropriations for SOM of \$14.2 million and a decrease of \$3.7 million for OPEB. Investment income increase of \$6.2 million due to overall improvement in the market.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

Nonoperating revenues (net) for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$245.5 million and \$250.8 million, respectively, which is a \$5.3 million decrease. The primary source was a \$41.1 million decrease in other nonoperating revenue. The decrease in other nonoperating revenue is related to the prior year recognition of the federal aid awarded through the CARES Act, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA), and American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP). This decrease was offset by State of New Jersey appropriations which include the University base appropriation as well as appropriations for CMSRU, SOM, SVM, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) revenues and the State paid fringe benefits. The University recorded \$246.5 million and \$235.7 million in State appropriations for fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. State of New Jersey appropriations increased \$10.8 million of which \$22.1 million was fringe benefits as a result of an increased fringe rate, \$5.8 million was a base appropriation increase and \$5.0 million increase for SVM offset by a decrease in the State of New Jersey appropriations for OPEB, CMSRU, and SOM of \$17.8 million, \$1.3 million, and \$3.0 million, respectively. Investment income increase of \$17.7 million due to overall improvement in the market.

# **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses are defined as expenses paid by the University to acquire or produce goods and services used to carry out its mission, in return for operating revenues. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University incurred operating expenses totaling \$803.8 million and \$717.2 million, respectively. The increase of \$86.6 million in operating expenses for fiscal year 2024 versus 2023 is an 12.1% increase from the prior year.

The increase of \$86.6 million is primarily driven by a \$57.4 million increase in non-grant salary and benefits, a \$14.5 million increase in operating expenditures, and a \$7.6 million increase in pension expense.



Summary of Expenses (in thousands)							
	202	24	20	23		20	22
	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total		Amount	Percentage of total
	Amount	oriotar	Amount	oriotar	-	Amount	ortotar
Instruction \$	239,897	29.9 % \$	217,266	30.2 %	\$	199,460	28.9 %
Research	42,675	5.3	34,888	4.9		28,552	4.1
Public service	24,441	3.0	19,741	2.8		18,029	2.6
Academic support	88,086	11.0	66,165	9.2		56,512	8.2
Student services	49,883	6.2	44,291	6.2		38,290	5.5
Institutional support	143,051	17.8	124,187	17.3		103,875	15.0
Operation and maintenance of plant	44,820	5.6	44,999	6.3		39,944	5.8
Student aid	24,713	3.1	23,991	3.3		47,362	6.9
Professional services and contracts	38,969	4.8	43,103	6.0		48,783	7.1
Auxiliary enterprises	52,028	6.5	47,780	6.7		41,957	6.1
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	(15,890)	(2.0)	(12,157)	(1.7)%		5,621	0.8
Depreciation and amortization	71,137	8.8	62,985	8.8		62,010	9.0
Total operating expenses \$	803,810	100.0 % \$	717,239	100.0 %	\$	690,395	100.0

A summary of operating expenses for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 follows:

# **Capital Assets and Debt Activities**

The University continues to manage its financial resources so as to ensure adequate financial flexibility to access the capital markets as needed. The University maintains debt ratings from Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investors Service of A and A2, respectively.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University had \$186.7 million and \$196.5 million, respectively in net investment in capital assets. Outstanding long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 is \$1,011.0 million, compared to \$855.8 million as of June 30, 2023.

Significant transactions related to capital assets and bonded debt that occurred during fiscal year 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

In February 2024, The Camden County Improvement Authority (CCIA) issued Rowan University Series 2024 Bonds. The 2024 tax exempt revenue refunding bonds totaled \$15,375,000 with a coupon rate of 5.000% and maturity through 2032. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to refund and redeem the Refunded 2013A Bonds, and pay the costs and expenses incurred in the issuance of the 2024 Bonds. The principal amount of this bond was \$15,375,000 as of June 30, 2024. The refunding resulted in a gross debt service cash-flow savings of \$1,306,058.

In February 2024, The Gloucester County Improvement Authority (GCIA) issued Rowan University Series 2024 Bonds. The 2024 loan revenue bonds totaled \$167,325,000 with a coupon rate of 5.000% and maturity through 2054. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to finance a portion of the costs of the development and construction of a new, approximately 180,000 square foot, state-of-the-art school of veterinary medicine, applied science and clinical facility, improvements to housing facilities, and various other capital improvements or repairs.

In February 2024, The Gloucester County Improvement Authority (GCIA) issued Rowan University Series 2024 Notes. The 2024 loan revenue note totaled \$25,605,000 with a coupon rate of 4.000% and maturity through 2025. The proceeds from these bonds were amended and supplemented from the 2021 GCIA Note series and will continue to be used for a portion of the costs of a project consisting of the construction of an approximately thirty thousand square foot expansion of the Chamberlain Student Center. The principal amount of this note was \$25,605,000 as of June 30, 2024.



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

12 (Continued) In November 2022, due to the purchase and blended financial reporting of MACQ – New Jersey I, LLC, the financed purchase obligations for SORA Housing LLC, SORA Retail LLC, and SORA A-1 Housing Urban Renewal Entity LLC are treated as refinanced debt using the IDA series 2022A bonds. The 2022 tax exempt lease revenue refunding bonds totaled \$191.4 million with a coupon rate of 2.80% and maturing through 2042. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to refinance the debt associated with the University's financed purchases related to MACQ – New Jersey I, LLC. The principal amounts of these bonds were \$183.7 million and \$187.8 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In November 2022, the IDA issued Rowan University Series 2022B Bonds. The 2022 tax exempt lease revenue bonds totaled \$14.0 million with a coupon rate of 3.97% and maturing through 2042. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to finance the costs of Rowan University acquiring the lease revenue bonds through the acquisition of the sole membership interest of MACQ – New Jersey I, LLC and cover the issuance costs of the IDA Series 2022A and Series 2022B. The principal amounts of these bonds were \$13.1 million and \$13.6 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The net capital assets related to GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) were \$109.8 million and \$116.4 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The net capital assets associated with GASB 87 are included in the net investment in capital fund balance.

The net capital assets related to GASB Statement No. 96 *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96) were \$12.0 million and \$6.8 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The net capital assets associated with GASB 96 are included in the net investment in capital fund balance.

# **Economic Outlook**

Rowan University's mission is to become a new model for higher education by being inclusive, agile, and responsive, offering diverse scholarly and creative educational experiences, pathways, environments, and services to meet the needs of all students; maintaining agility by strategically delivering organizational capacity across the institution; and responding to emerging demands and opportunities regionally and nationally. The University engages in continuous strategic planning in response to the dynamic context of higher education.

The University engages in continuous strategic planning in response to the dynamic context of higher education. A concise planning framework is utilized that identifies key external and internal factors that shape the strategic direction of the University, sets long-term goals, articulates operational values, and identifies key performance indicators. At the center of the plan are the four strategic pillars:

**Access** - We are committed to expanding quality educational opportunities for students by increasing our enrollment capacity; supporting student success; utilizing an increasing array of pedagogies and platforms; and creating new pathways to undergraduate, graduate, post-graduate, and professional studies.

**Affordability** - We are committed to keeping education affordable by managing costs; diversifying our revenue streams; reducing student debt; limiting tuition increases to the rate of inflation as measured by the consumer price index; and enhancing internship and employment opportunities for our students and graduates.

**Quality** - We are committed to providing rigorous, experiential, and engaging educational experiences; support for scholarly, creative, and research activities; a vibrant and healthy campus life; a rich intellectual, cultural, and artistic environment; and a safe, supportive, and inclusive culture that respects and values the diversity of all of its members.

**Economic Engine** - We are committed to benefiting our local and state communities by making every effort to partner with and invest in regional businesses and organizations that contribute in meaningful ways to furthering our mission; preparing an educated citizenry and skilled workforce; enhancing the health of our citizens and the quality of life; and developing innovative products, services, and ideas.



13 (Continued)

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

The four pillars express the University's priorities and guide planning and resource allocation. The functional groups involved in design and execution of the strategic plan include the Board of Trustees, the Executive Cabinet, the Administrative Cabinet, and the Deans' Council. The University Senate and University Budget and Planning Committee are representative bodies charged with engaging the campus community in the strategic planning process. The Office of the Provost oversees institutional data management and analytics to assess performance and inform decision-making. Through the process of continuing strategic planning and self-assessment, the University is committed in its efforts to continue to enrich the lives of those in the campus community and surrounding region.

Historical trends may not be indicative of future results for the foreseeable future. The University's inclusive, agile, and responsive strategic planning framework optimizes its capacity to anticipate uncertainties and to pivot to address new challenges and capitalize on emergent opportunities.

State appropriations remain a vital source of funding for the University and fiscal year 2025 appropriations increased over fiscal year 2024 levels. With increasing costs, particularly resulting from contractual obligations with faculty and staff and debt service, the University faces critical funding issues. Additionally, the University's desire to increase institutionally funded scholarships, continue building its academic program excellence and improve its capital assets will also impact the University's financial outlook.

The University continues to monitor local and national economic conditions as well as demographic changes that may impact the student-age population and the percentage of that population that pursues a college degree. The University will continue to meet the goals of its mission by monitoring operating costs and capital expenditures while seeking additional revenue sources. The University will continue to monitor the situation and maintain a close watch over resources so as to provide the University with the ability to react to potential budgetary challenges that may occur.



ROWAN UNIVERSITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)				
Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024				
Assets	Rowan University	Rowan University Foundation	South Jersey Technology Park at Rowan University, Inc.	Total
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (notes 2 and 13) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (notes 2 and 13)	\$ 46,109,138 19,989,671	9,141,455 7,351,173	909,727	56,160,320 27,340,844
Receivables: Students, less allowance of \$2,747,573 Contributions, less allowance of \$6,253 Restricted contributions, less allowance of \$87,056	12,246,104		=	12,246,104 6,191 432,411
Grants State of New Jersey Professional services and contracts receivable, less allowance of \$76,600	22,929,672 5,574,112 2,527,879	Ξ	Ξ	22,929,672 5,574,112 2,527,879
Due from Rowan component unit Leases Leases with Rowan component unit Interest and other, less allowance of \$267.265	760,931 370,020 	 	148,653 — 892,727 3,428	909,584 370,020 892,727 7,237,432
Total receivables Restricted deposits held by trustees (note 3)	51,374,000 34,825,466	707,324	1,044,808	53,126,132 34,825,466
Investments, at fair value (note 2) Other current assets Total current assets	58,469,962 9,808,985 220,577,222	1,005,025 18,204,977	8,904 1,963,439	58,469,962 10,822,914 240,745,638
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents (note 2) Restricted deposits held by trustees (note 3)	56,558,160 241,975,095	_	_	56,558,160 241,975,095
Investments, at fair value (notes 2 and 13) Restricted investments, at fair value (note 13) Restricted nonexpendable investments, at fair value (note 13) Loans receivable	123,210,844 	77,872,049 62,621,424 266,958,096		201,082,893 62,621,424 266,958,096 1,662,899
Other noncurrent assets Contributions receivable, less allowance of \$20,090 Due from Rowan component unit	800,000	381,712	=	800,000 381,712
Restricted contributions receivable, less allowance of \$133,687 Leases receivables Lease receivables with Rowan component unit Capital assets, net (notes 4 and 11)	370,172 2,861,873 1,072,063,012	2,540,057 — — —	14,680,823 11,467,885	2,540,057 370,172 17,542,696 1,083,530,897
Total noncurrent assets Total assets	1,499,502,055 1,720,079,277	410,373,338 428,578,315	26,148,708 28,112,147	1,936,024,101 2,176,769,739
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of resources: Pensions related (note 6) Loss on bond refinancing	44,458,311 84,647,554	_		44,458,311 84,647,554
Total deferred outflows of resources Liabilities	129,105,865			129,105,865
Current liabilities (note 9):				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (note 7) Due to University/ component units Unearned revenue Annuities payable – current portion	98,132,832 148,653 34,164,677	124,895 555,531  41,079	55,370 205,400 —	98,313,097 909,584 34,164,677
Aninues payale – current portion Leases with Rowan component unit (note 8) Long-term debt – current portion (note 8) Total current liabilities	892,727 63,842,986 197,181,875	721,505	 	41,079 892,727 64,102,710 198,423,874
Noncurrent liabilities (note 9): Compensated absences – noncurrent portion (note 11) Unearmed revenue	3,267,832			3,267,832 127,497,255
Other liabilities Repurchase liability Deposits held in custody for others	22,173,804 3,220,000 2,525,758	=		22,173,804 3,220,000 2,525,758
Annuities payable – noncurrent portion Net pension liabilities (note 6) Leases with Rowan component unit - noncurrent portion (note 8) Long-term debt – noncurrent portion (note 8)		256,934 — — —	2,861,872 3,110,537	256,934 284,556,488 17,542,695 950,215,050
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	1,405,026,473 1,602,208,348	256,934 978,439	5,972,409 6,492,903	1,411,255,816 1,609,679,690
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows of resources: Pensions related (note 6) Gain on bond refinancing Developer contribution	15,751,471 24,006 4,890,000	Ξ		15,751,471 24,006 4,890,000
Service concession arrangement (note 11) Leases (note 12) Leases with Rowan component unit (note 12)	89,857,193 2,038,656 2,506,712	-	14,497,583	89,857,193 2,038,656 17,004,295
Split interest agreements Total deferred inflows of resources	115,068,038	298,868 298,868	14,497,583	298,868 129,864,489
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	186,691,004		5,051,513	191,742,517
Restricted: Nonexpendable (note 13) Expendable:	-	266,958,096	-	266,958,096
Debt service and reserve Other scholarships Other Unrestricted	23,947,269 — 18,829,876 (97,559,393)	24,915,139 48,149,732 87,278,041	 2,070,148	23,947,269 24,915,139 66,979,608 (8,211,204)
Total net position	\$ 131,908,756	427,301,008	7,121,661	566,331,425

ROWAN UNIVERSITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)				
Statement of Net Position				
June 30, 2023	Rowan University	Rowan University Foundation	South Jersey Technology Park at Rowan University, Inc.	Total
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (notes 2 and 13) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (notes 2 and 13)	\$ 33,835,246 12,386,394	12,178,080 8,561,235	1,062,059	47,075,385 20,947,629
Receivables: Students, less allowance of \$3,197,728 Contributions, less allowance of \$4,700	10,617,276	 2,358	_	10,617,276 2,358
Restricted contributions, less allowance of \$55,529 Grants State of New Jersey	22,789,080 10,319,015	39,828 — —		39,828 22,789,080 10,319,015
Professional services and contracts receivable, less allowance of \$3,975,699 Due from Rowan component unit Leases Leases with Rowan component unit	5,305,788 847,779 568,185	=	136,409 	5,305,788 984,188 568,185 856,566
Loaded with reveal component and Interest and other, less allowance of \$246,326 Total receivables	3,505,400 53,952,523	23,191 65,377	992,975	3,528,591 55,010,875
Restricted deposits held by trustees (note 3) Investments, at fair value (note 2) Other current assets	26,893,768 99,324,168 8,825,768	=	— — 1,582	26,893,768 99,324,168 8,827,350
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	235,217,867	20,804,692	2,056,616	258,079,175
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (note 2) Restricted deposits held by trustees (note 3) Investments, at fair value (notes 2 and 13) Restricted investments, at fair value (note 13)	73,080,035 39,276,861 116,269,485	68,529,098 48,176,210		73,080,035 39,276,861 184,798,583 48,176,210
Restricted nonexpendable investments, at fair value (note 13) Loans receivable Other noncurrent assets		252,436,857 — —	Ξ	252,436,857 1,935,354 1,261,475
Contributions receivable, less allowance of \$3,287 Due from Rowan component unit Restricted contributions receivable, less allowance of \$83,105 Lesses receivables	187,265 	62,453 — 1,579,005		62,453 187,265 1,579,005 604,724
Lease receivables with Rowan component unit Capital assets, net (notes 4 and 11)	2,828,709 1,046,710,914		15,573,550 11,855,686	18,402,259 1,058,566,600
Total noncurrent assets Total assets Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,282,154,822 1,517,372,689	370,783,623 391,588,315	27,429,236 29,485,852	1,680,367,681 1,938,446,856
Deferred outflows of resources: Pensions related (note 6)	47,240,656	_	_	47,240,656
Loss on bond refinancing Total deferred outflows of resources	90,383,336 137,623,992			90,383,336 137,623,992
Liabilities Current liabilities (note 9):				
Current liabilities (note 5): Accounts payable and accrued expenses (note 7) Due to University/ component units Uneamed revenue	83,341,184 136,409 38,280,239	116,991 647,484 —	69,516 200,295	83,527,691 984,188 38,280,239
Annuities payable – current portion Leases with Rowan component unit (note 8) Long-term debt – current portion (note 8)	856,566 59,418,674	37,530 — —	253,341	37,530 856,566 59,672,015
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities (note 9): Compensated absences – noncurrent portion (note 11)	2,739,755	802,005	523,152	2,739,755
Ounpel tasket observed – instruction period (note + 17) Due to University component units Unearned revenue Other liabilities	81,037,334 21,642,406		187,265 —	187,265 81,037,334 21,642,406
Repurchase liability Deposits held in custody for others Annutiles payable – noncurrent portion	3,220,000 2,928,211 —	247,067	Ξ	3,220,000 2,928,211 247,067
Net pension liabilities (note 6) Leases with Rowan component unit - noncurrent portion (note 8) Long-term debt – noncurrent portion (note 8)	284,644,784 15,573,550 796,409,004		2,828,709 3,370,262	284,644,784 18,402,259 799,779,266
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,208,195,044 1,390,228,116	247,067 1,049,072	6,386,236 6,909,388	1,214,828,347 1,398,186,576
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pensions related (note 6) Gain on bond refinancing Developer contribution	29,314,663 48,013 5,161,667	Ξ	Ξ	29,314,663 48,013 5,161,667
Service concession arrangement (note 11) Leases (note 12) Leases with Rowan component unit (note 12) Split interest agreements	93,554,577 2,502,803 2,553,135		 15,571,478 	93,554,577 2,502,803 18,124,613 114,342
Total deferred inflows of resources	133,134,858	114,342	15,571,478	148,820,678
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	196,471,742	_	5,025,173	201,496,915
Restricted: Nonexpendable (note 13) Expendable:		252,436,857	-	252,436,857
Debt service and reserve Other scholarships Other Unrestricted	20,136,217 	20,151,570 37,828,960 80,007,514		20,136,217 20,151,570 54,508,583 (19,666,548)
Total net position		390,424,901	7,004,986	529,063,594

Operating revenues: Net student revenues: Less scholarship allowances         \$ 341090.143 59.447.666         -         -         53.412.666           Less scholarship allowances         39.07.000.334         -         -         -         53.412.666           Crants         128.931.255         -         -         -         307.000.334           Grants         128.931.255         -         -         128.931.255           Self-Unded programs         7.800.671         -         -         7.800.671           Fund tailing events         -         9.33.983         -         9.33.983           Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         41.448.403         -         1.130.785         1.130.785           Cher operating revenues         49.9008.660         9.04.982         1.159.424         509.757.1         -         -         42.67.4839           Ober operating revenues         49.9008.660         9.04.982         1.159.424         509.757.21         -         -         42.68.14.83         -         -         42.67.48.39           Public service         42.47.43.56         1.05.071         734.768         14.48.11.465         -         42.44.13.16         -         42.44.13.16         -         42.44.13.165         -         -		Rowan University	Rowan University Foundation	South Jersey Technology Park at Rowan University, Inc.	Total
Tution and fees         \$ 341,000,143					
Audiary enterprises         99,412,696           99,412,695           Less scholarity allowances         (33,502,555)           (93,502,555)           Net student revenue         307,000,334           (93,502,555)           Self-Unded programs         72,800,671           72,800,671           Fundrating events          9,33,803          9,33,803           Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         14,1648,403           1,130,785         1,130,785           Other operating revenues         12,260,775           1,280,975           1,280,975           Total operating revenues         490,088,860         9,504,982         1,159,424         509,75,1236           Operating axpenses:           230,897,521           230,897,521           Instruction         230,897,514           24,41,316          -2,44,41,316           Academic support         84,880,049           43,808,049           44,819,995           Public services         49,882,945<		341 090 143	_	_	341 090 143
Net student revenues         307,000,334           307,000,334           Grants         128,931,255           128,931,255           Contributions          31,519          31,519           Contributions          9,353,693          9,353,693           Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         1,464,403           1,20,075           Cherr operating revenues         12,455,222         119,740         28,639         12,260,375           Other availiary         122,00,75           12,20,075           Instruction         239,897,521           230,897,521           Instruction         24,674,839           42,674,839           Public service         24,441,316           42,674,839           Student services         49,882,445           48,086,049           Uber Student services         49,882,445           48,086,049           Student services         10,25,071         73,768         144,811,405           Operating nenelfs (OPEB) (note 6)         (15,887,733)<				_	
Grants         128,931,255         —         —         128,931,255           Self-Inded programs         —         31,519         —         7,800,671           Fundraising events         —         9,338,893         —         9,338,893           Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         11,444,403         —         —         41,464,403           Other operating revenues         122,0275         —         —         1,130,765         1,130,765           Other axuliary         122,0275         —         —         —         230,807,521         —         —         —         230,807,521         —         —         —         230,807,521         —         —         —         230,807,521         —         —         —         230,807,521         —         —         —         230,807,521         —         —         —         24,674,839         —         —         42,674,839         —         —         42,674,839         —         —         42,674,839         —         —         44,819,805         Millional services and contracts and	Less scholarship allowances	(93,502,505)			(93,502,505)
Self-Unded programs         7,800,671         —         —         7,800,671           Fundraising events         —         31,519         —         31,519           Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         41,64,403         —         —         41,648,403           Rental income (note 14)         —         —         —         1130,765         11,30,765           Other operating revenues         499,066,660         9,504,562         11,159,424         500,751,236           Operating revenues         9,504,562         1,159,424         500,751,236           Operating revenues         9,504,562         1,159,424         500,751,236           Public service         24,441,316         —         —         42,674,839           Public service         24,441,316         —         —         44,819,985           Institutional support         48,860,496         —         —         44,819,985           Institutional support         44,819,985         —         —         44,819,985           Operating revenues (spentas):         Student administration         14,30,6186         1,025,071         734,788         14,819,985           Operation and maintransco of plant         44,819,9855         —         —         44,819,	Net student revenues	307,000,334	—	-	307,000,334
Fundraising events         -         31,519         -         31,519           Contributions         -         9,353,693         -         9,353,693         -         9,353,693           Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         14,648,403         -         -         41,648,403           Rental income (note 14)         -         -         1,130,765         1,130,765         1,130,765           Other operating revenues         499,066,660         9,504,952         1,150,424         509,751,236           Operating expenses:         -         -         24,874,339         -         -         24,874,339           Public service         24,471,359         -         -         24,474,339           Public service         24,441,315         -         -         24,441,315           Nacademic support         48,080,649         -         -         44,819,955           Student asinces of plant         44,819,955         -         -         44,819,955           Cortisolitation         71,136,876         -         -         26,207,752           Depreciation and maintraction         71,136,876         -         -         26,207,752           Depreciation and anonintraction         71,136,876         <			—	—	
Contributions		7,800,671		—	
Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)         41.648.403	5	_		_	
Other operating revenues         12.455.222         119.740         28.639         12.603.61           Other auxilary         1.250.975         1.159.424         509.751.236           Operating expenses:         -         -         239.897.521         -         -         239.897.521           Instruction         239.897.521         -         -         239.897.521         -         -         239.897.521           Research         42.674.839         -         -         249.806.049         -         249.806.049           Public service         44.41.316         -         -         -         44.80.806.049           Student services         149.802.495         -         -         -         44.819.995           Institutional support         14.316.956         -         -         -         38.960.05           Professional services and contracts         39.890.005         -         -         564.758         71.701.634           Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15.889.763)         -         -         59.45.522           Other Averse appropriations - CMSRU         250.8369         -         -         59.45.522           State of New Jensey appropriations - CMSRU         25.085.899         -		41,648,403		_	
Other auxiliary         1.250.975           1.250.975           Total operating revenues         499.086.860         9.504.952         1.159.424         509.751.286           Operating expenses:           239.897.521           239.897.521           Research         42.674.839           42.474.1316           42.474.1316           Academic support         88.086.049           49.882.945           49.882.945           Instructional maintenance of plant         44.819.995         44.819.995           44.819.995           Student aid         24.712.600           38.690.005           44.819.995           Auxiliary enterprises         52.027.752           52.027.752           564.757           Depreciation and anonization         71.13.68.76          564.757           564.757           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):          59.945.952           59.945.952           State of New Jeresy appropriations - CMSRU         25.036		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total operating revenues         499,086,860         9,504,952         1,159,424         509,751,236           Operating expenses: Instruction Research         239,897,521         -         -         239,897,521           Research         24,674,839         -         -         242,674,839           Public service         24,441,316         -         -         24,441,316           Academic support         88,086,049         -         -         49,882,945           Institutional support         143,051,566         1,025,071         734,768         144,811,405           Operation and maintenance of plant         24,712,600         -         -         24,712,600           Professional services and contracts         38,969,005         -         -         62,027,752           Operating revenues (expenses):         Total operating expenses         803,810,701         1,025,071         1,299,526         806,135,298           Operating loss) income         (304,723,841)         8,479,881         (140,102)         (296,384,062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         State of New Jersey appropriations – CWRU         25,036,389         -         -         25,036,389           State of New Jersey appropriations – CWRU         25,036,389         -         -         25			119,740	28,639	
Operating expenses:         239,897,521         -         -         -         239,897,521           Research         226,874,839         -         -         42,674,839         -         -         42,674,839           Public service         24,441,316         -         -         24,441,316         -         -         42,874,839           Academic support         86,066,049         -         -         86,066,049         -         -         48,882,945         -         -         49,882,945         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         44,819,995         -         -         42,277,720         -         -         36,969,005         -         -         36,969,005         -         -         36,969,005         -         -         654,758         71,701,634           Depreciation and maintenance of plant         24,712,600         -         -         52,027,752			0.504.050	4 450 404	
Instruction         238,897,521         —         —         238,897,521           Research         42,674,839         —         —         42,674,839           Public service         24,441,316         —         —         42,674,839           Student support         88,086,049         —         —         88,086,049           Student services         49,882,945         —         —         —         44,813,065           Operation and maintenance of plant         143,051,566         1,025,071         734,788         144,811,405           Operation and maintenance of plant         143,051,572         —         —         24,712,600           Professional services and contracts         38,969,005         —         —         38,969,005           Auxiliary enterprises         52,027,752         —         —         15,829,763)           Depresition and amotization         11,35,876         —         115,889,763)           Total operating expenses         803,810,701         1,025,071         1,299,526         806,135,298           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,369         —         —         59,45,952           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         12,000,000         —         —         19,49,		499,086,860	9,504,952	1,159,424	509,751,236
Research         42.674.839         —         —         42.474.839           Public service         24.441.316         —         —         24.441.316           Academic support         88.086.049         —         —         24.441.316           Student services         49.882.945         —         —         49.882.945           Institutional support         143.051.56         1.025.071         734.768         144.811.995           Student aid         44.819.995         —         —         44.819.995           Auxilary enterprises         52.027.752         —         —         38.969.005           Auxilary enterprises         52.027.752         —         —         544.758         71.70.634           Total operating expenses         80.810.701         1.025.071         1.299.526         806.135.298           Operating (los) income         (304.723.841)         8.479.881         (140.102)         (28.63.84.062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25.063.768         —         —         59.945.952           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25.063.769         —         —         59.945.952           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         120.0		239.897.521		_	239.897.521
Aademic support         88.086.049         -         -         88.086.049           Student services         49.882.945         -         -         49.882.945           Institutional support         143.051.566         1,025.071         734.788         144.811.905           Operation and maintenance of plant         44.819.995         -         -         -         44.819.995           Student aid         24.712.600         -         -         38.969.005         -         -         38.969.005           Auxiliary enterprises         52.027.752         -         -         52.027.752         -         -         52.027.752           Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15.888.763)         -         -         56.4758         71.701.634           Depreciation and amortization         71.138.876         -         -         59.945.952         -         -         59.945.952         50.041.738.841         (140.102)         (296.384.062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         25.036.369         -         -         25.945.952         50.445.952         -         -         19.490.494         -         -         19.490.494         -         -         19.490.494         -<			_	_	
Student services         49,862,945           49,862,945           Institutional support         143,051,566         1,025,071         734,768         144,811,995           Operation and maintenance of plant         44,819,995           24,712,600           Professional services and contracts         39,869,005           24,712,600           Professional services and contracts         39,869,005           52,027,752           Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15,889,763)           (16,889,763)           Depreciation and amointenance of plant         (304,723,841)         8,479,881         (140,102)         (296,384,062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):           59,945,952           59,945,952           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         20,036,369           14,90,944           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         20,036,369           14,90,944           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         12,000,000           12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations - OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)        <			—	—	
Institutional support         143.051.566         1.025.071         734.768         144.811.405           Operation and maintenance of plant         44.819.995         -         -         44.819.995           Student aid         24.712.600         -         -         24.712.600           Professional services and contracts         39.969.005         -         -         52.027.752           Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15.889.763)         -         -         564.758           Depreciation and amortization         71.136.876         -         -         564.758           Nonoperating (loss) income         (304.723.841)         8.479.881         (140.102)         (296.384.062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         59.945.952         -         -         59.945.952           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         25.036.369         -         -         11.949.494           State of New Jersey appropriations - OCEE (note 6)         (15.889.763)         -         -         14.890.495           State of New Jersey appropriations - OCEE (note 6)         (15.689.763)         -         -         14.890.494           State of New Jersey appropriations - OCEE (note 6)         (15.889.763)         -         -         14.890.494 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>—</td><td>—</td><td></td></t<>			—	—	
Operation and maintenance of plant         44,819,995           44,819,995           Student aid         24,712,600           32,969,005           Auxiliary enterprises         32,969,005           32,969,005           Auxiliary enterprises         52,027,752           52,027,752           Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15,889,763)           (16,889,763)           Depreciation and amortization         71,136,876          564,758         71,701,634           Total operating expenses         803,810,701         1,025,071         1,299,526         806,135,298           Operating revenues (expenses):         59,945,952          -         59,945,952           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         25,036,369         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         25,036,369         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School         12,000,000         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations - OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         -         -         166,302,352           Stude of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School			1.025.071	734,768	
Professional services and contracts       38,869,005					
Auxiliary enterprises         52,027,752         —         —         52,027,752           Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15,889,763)         —         —         (15,889,763)           Depreciation and amorization         71,1136,876         —         564,758         71,701,634           Total operating expenses         803,810,701         1,025,071         1,299,526         806,135,288           Operating (loss) income         (304,723,841)         8,479,881         (140,102)         (296,384,062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			—	—	· · · ·
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)         (15,889,763)           (15,889,763)           Depreciation and amortization         71,136,876          564,758         71,701,634           Total operating expenses         803,810,701         1,025,071         1,299,526         806,135,298           Operating (loss) income         (304,723,841)         8,479,881         (140,102)         (296,384,062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         59,945,952         -         -         59,945,952           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         25,036,369         -         -         19,490,494           State of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School         12,000,000         -         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations - OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         -         -         16,302,352           State of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School         12,000,000         -         -         166,302,352           State of New Jersey ippropriations - OPEB (note 6)         166,302,352         -         -         166,302,352           State of New Jersey appropriations - OPEB (note 6)         165,314,513         -         -         (18,028)           Other grants         -         (18,028)			—	—	
Depreciation and amortization         71,136,876         —         564,758         71,701,634           Total operating expenses         803,810,701         1,025,071         1,299,526         806,135,298           Operating (loss) income         (304,723,841)         8,479,881         (140,102)         (296,384,062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         5         -         -         59,945,952         -         -         59,945,952           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,369         -         -         19,490,494           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,359         -         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         -         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         -         -         166,302,352           State of New Jersey appropriation (note 13)         15,314,513         -         -         -         (16,802,807,73)         -         -         -         166,302,352         -         -         -         (16,20,2352)         -         -         -         166,302,352         -         -         -         (16,20,2352)         -         -         -				_	
Operating (loss) income         (304,723,841)         8,479,881         (140,102)         (296,384,062)           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,369         —         —         25,036,369           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,369         —         —         19,490,494           State of New Jersey appropriations – Veterinary School         12,000,000         —         —         19,490,494           State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         —         —         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         —         —         (16,6302,352           State of New Jersey propriations – OPEB (note 13)         —         (17,314,513)         —         —         (18,028)         —         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)         —         (14,0,102)         (12,297,727)         (33,201,552)         32,01,552)         32,01,552)         32,01,552)         32,01,552)         32,01,552)         32,03,4517)         —         —         (14,028)         32,02,01,552)         32,03,201,552)         32,01,552)         <				564,758	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         59,945,952         -         -         59,945,952           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,369         -         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU         25,036,369         -         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – Veterinary School         12,000,000         -         -         12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)         -         -         166,302,352           Student scholarships         -         (15,814,513)         -         -         166,302,352           Student scholarships         -         (15,314,513)         -         -         -           Other grants         -         (18,028)         -         (18,028)         -         (18,028)           Investment income, net         17,888,949         32,938,271         42,865         50,870,085         13,871,213         256,777         284,086,335           (Loss) income before other revenues         (24,765,496)         22,351,094         116,675         (12,297,727)           Capital grants and gifts         -         -         -         34,592,333         -         -	Total operating expenses	803,810,701	1,025,071	1,299,526	806,135,298
State of New Jersey appropriations         59,945,952           59,945,952           State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU         25,036,369           25,036,369           State of New Jersey appropriations - Rowan-Virtua SOM         19,490,494           19,490,494           State of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School         12,000,000           12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations - OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)           166,302,352           Student scholarships           (15,889,763)           166,302,352           Student scholarships           (16,302,352           166,302,352           Student scholarships           (18,028)           (18,028)           Other grants          (18,028)          (18,028)          (18,028)           Interest on capital asset related debt         (33,025,003)          (176,549)         (32,01,552)         (32,01,552)         (32,01,552)         (269,958,345)         13,871,213         256,777         284,086,335         (12,297,727)	Operating (loss) income	(304,723,841)	8,479,881	(140,102)	(296,384,062)
State of New Jersey appropriations - CMSRU       25,036,369         25,036,369         State of New Jersey appropriations - Rowan-Virtua SOM       19,490,494         19,490,494         State of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School       12,000,000         12,000,000         State of New Jersey appropriations - Veterinary School       (15,889,763)         (15,889,763)         State of New Jersey appropriations - OPEB (note 6)       (16,802,352         (16,302,352         State of New Jersey pringe benefits (note 5)       166,302,352         (16,302,352         State of New Jersey fringe benefits (note 5)       15,314,513       (15,314,513)         (18,028)        (18,028)         (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,02	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
State of New Jersey appropriations – Rowan-Virtua SOM       19,490,494         19,490,494         State of New Jersey appropriations – Veterinary School       12,000,000         12,000,000         State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)       (15,889,763)         (15,889,763)         State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 5)       166,302,352         166,302,352         State of New Jersey appropriations (note 5)       166,302,352         166,302,352         Student scholarships        (3,734,517)        (3,734,517)         Gifts from Rowan University Foundation (note 13)       15,314,513       (15,314,513)           Other grants        (18,028)        (18,028)        (18,028)         Investment income, net       17,888,949       32,2938,271       42,865       50,870,085       (33,201,552)         Other nonoperating revenues, net       2,894,482        390,461       3,284,943         Net nonoperating revenues       (34,765,496)       22,351,094       116,675       (12,297,727)         Capital grants and gifts        14,525,013        14,525,013			—	—	
State of New Jersey appropriations – Veterinary School         12,000,000           12,000,000           State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)         (15,889,763)           (15,889,763)           State of New Jersey fringe benefits (note 5)         166,302,352           166,302,352           Student scholarships          (3,734,517)          (3,734,517)           Gifts from Rowan University Foundation (note 13)         15,314,513         (15,314,513)             Other grants          (18,028)          (18,028)          (18,028)           Investment income, net         17,888,949         32,938,271         42,865         50,870,085           Interest on capital asset related debt         (33,025,003)          (176,549)         (33,201,552)           Other nonoperating revenues, net         2,894,482          390,461         3,284,943           Net nonoperating revenues         (34,765,496)         22,351,094         116,675         (12,297,727)           Capital grants and gifts           34,592,333           14,525,013           (Decrease) increase in net position         (17			_	_	
State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)       (15,889,763)       —       —       —       —       —       —       —       —       166,302,352         State of New Jersey fringe benefits (note 5)       166,302,352       —       —       —       —       —       166,302,352         Student scholarships       —       —       (3,734,517)       —       (3,734,517)       —       … </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td>				_	
Student scholarships         —         (3,734,517)         —         (3,734,517)           Gifts from Rowan University Foundation (note 13)         15,314,513         (15,314,513)         —         —           Other grants         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)         —         (18,028)           Investment income, net         17,888,949         32,938,271         42,865         50,870,085           Interest on capital asset related debt         (33,025,003)         —         (176,549)         (33,201,552)           Other nonoperating revenues, net         2,894,482         —         390,461         3,284,943           Net nonoperating revenues         (269,958,345)         13,871,213         256,777         284,086,335           (Loss) income before other revenues         (34,765,496)         22,351,094         116,675         (12,297,727)           Capital grants and gifts         34,592,333         —         —         34,592,333         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013         —         14,52	State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)		—	—	(15,889,763)
Gifts from Rowan University Foundation (note 13)       15,314,513       (15,314,513)       -       -       -         Other grants       -       (18,028)       -       (18,028)       -       (18,028)         Investment income, net       17,888,949       32,938,271       42,865       50,870,085         Interest on capital asset related debt       (33,025,003)       -       (176,549)       (33,201,552)         Other nonoperating revenues, net       2,894,482       -       390,461       3,284,943         Net nonoperating revenues       269,958,345       13,871,213       256,777       284,086,335         (Loss) income before other revenues       (34,765,496)       22,351,094       116,675       (12,297,727)         Capital grants and gifts       -       -       34,592,333       -       -       34,592,333         (Decrease) increase in net position       (173,163)       36,876,107       116,675       36,819,619         Net position as of beginning of year       131,633,707       390,424,901       7,004,986       529,063,594         Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))       448,212       -       -       448,212		166,302,352	(0.704.547)	—	
Other grants       —       (18,028)       —       (18,028)         Investment income, net       17,888,949       32,938,271       42,865       50,870,085         Interest on capital asset related debt       (33,025,003)       —       (176,549)       (33,201,552)         Other nonoperating revenues, net       2,894,482       —       390,461       3,284,943         Net nonoperating revenues       269,958,345       13,871,213       256,777       284,086,335         (Loss) income before other revenues       (34,765,496)       22,351,094       116,675       (12,297,727)         Capital grants and gifts       34,592,333       —       —       34,592,333         Additions to permanent endowments       —       14,525,013       —       14,525,013         (Decrease) increase in net position       (173,163)       36,876,107       116,675       36,819,619         Net position as of beginning of year       131,633,707       390,424,901       7,004,986       529,063,594         Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))       448,212       —       —       448,212	•	15 314 513		_	(3,734,517)
Interest on capital asset related debt       (33,025,003)       -       (176,549)       (33,201,552)         Other nonoperating revenues, net       2,894,482       -       390,461       3,284,943         Net nonoperating revenues       269,958,345       13,871,213       256,777       284,086,335         (Loss) income before other revenues       (34,765,496)       22,351,094       116,675       (12,297,727)         Capital grants and gifts       34,592,333       -       -       34,592,333         Additions to permanent endowments       -       14,525,013       -       36,819,619         Net position as of beginning of year       131,633,707       390,424,901       7,004,986       529,063,594         Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))       448,212       -       -       448,212	• · · · · · ·			_	(18,028)
Other nonoperating revenues, net         2,894,482         —         390,461         3,284,943           Net nonoperating revenues         269,958,345         13,871,213         256,777         284,086,335           (Loss) income before other revenues         (34,765,496)         22,351,094         116,675         (12,297,727)           Capital grants and gifts         34,592,333         —         —         —         34,592,333           Additions to permanent endowments         —         14,525,013         —         14,525,013           (Decrease) increase in net position         (173,163)         36,876,107         116,675         36,819,619           Net position as of beginning of year         131,633,707         390,424,901         7,004,986         529,063,594           Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))         448,212         —         —         448,212	,		32,938,271		
Net nonoperating revenues         269,958,345         13,871,213         256,777         284,086,335           (Loss) income before other revenues         (34,765,496)         22,351,094         116,675         (12,297,727)           Capital grants and gifts         34,592,333         —         —         —         34,592,333           Additions to permanent endowments			—		
(Loss) income before other revenues       (34,765,496)       22,351,094       116,675       (12,297,727)         Capital grants and gifts       34,592,333       —       —       34,592,333         Additions to permanent endowments       —       14,525,013       —       34,592,333         (Decrease) increase in net position       (173,163)       36,876,107       116,675       36,819,619         Net position as of beginning of year       131,633,707       390,424,901       7,004,986       529,063,594         Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))       448,212       —       —       448,212			12 971 212		
Capital grants and gifts34,592,333——34,592,333Additions to permanent endowments14,525,013—34,592,333(Decrease) increase in net position(173,163)36,876,107116,67536,819,619Net position as of beginning of year131,633,707390,424,9017,004,986529,063,594Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))448,212——448,212					
Additions to permanent endowments-14,525,013-14,525,013(Decrease) increase in net position(173,163)36,876,107116,67536,819,619Net position as of beginning of year Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))131,633,707390,424,9017,004,986529,063,594448,212448,212-448,212			22,351,094	10,075	
Net position as of beginning of year     131,633,707     390,424,901     7,004,986     529,063,594       Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i))     448,212     —     448,212		34,392,333 —	14,525,013	_	
Adjustment to beginning net position, change to financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i)) 448,212 — 448,212	(Decrease) increase in net position	(173,163)	36,876,107	116,675	36,819,619
financial reporting entity (note 1(a)(i)) 448,212 — — 448,212		131,633,707	390,424,901	7,004,986	529,063,594
		448,212	_	_	448,212
Net position as of end of year \$ 131,908,756 427,301,008 7,121,001 506,331,425	Net position as of end of year \$	131,908,756	427,301,008	7,121,661	566,331,425

Year ended June 30, 2023

	Rowan University	Rowan University Foundation	South Jersey Technology Park at Rowan University, Inc.	Total
Operating revenues:				
Net student revenues:				
Tuition and fees \$	315,702,761	-	-	315,702,761
Auxiliary enterprises Less scholarship allowances	58,772,363 (91,123,206)	_	_	58,772,363 (91,123,206)
Net student revenues	283,351,918	—	—	283,351,918
Grants	126,288,443	—	—	126,288,443
Self-funded programs	6,106,017	—	—	6,106,017
Fundraising events	—	44,928	—	44,928
Contributions Professional services and contracts, net (note 10)	50,481,365	6,134,713	_	6,134,713 50,481,365
Rental income (note 14)			1,107,375	1,107,375
Other operating revenues	4,693,269	152,759		4,846,028
Other auxiliary	1,175,181		_	1,175,181
Total operating revenues	472,096,193	6,332,400	1,107,375	479,535,968
Operating expenses:				
Instruction	217,266,184	_	_	217,266,184
Research	34,888,177	—	_	34,888,177
Public service	19,741,150	—	-	19,741,150
Academic support	66,165,004	—	—	66,165,004
Student services	44,291,199	—	_	44,291,199
Institutional support	124,187,011	348,808	636,562	125,172,381
Operation and maintenance of plant Student aid	44,998,612 23,990,711	—	-	44,998,612 23,990,711
Professional services and contracts	43,103,168		_	43,103,168
Auxiliary enterprises	47,780,046	_	_	47,780,046
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (note 6)	(12,157,072)	_	_	(12,157,072)
Depreciation and amortization	62,985,421	_	529,312	63,514,733
Total operating expenses	717,239,611	348,808	1,165,874	718,754,293
Operating (loss) income	(245,143,418)	5,983,592	(58,499)	(239,218,325)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
State of New Jersey appropriations	53,682,000	_	_	53,682,000
State of New Jersey appropriations – CMSRU	20,208,232	—	—	20,208,232
State of New Jersey appropriations – Rowan-Virtua SOM	33,745,192	—	—	33,745,192
State of New Jersey appropriations – Veterinary School	12,000,000	—	—	12,000,000
State of New Jersey appropriations – OPEB (note 6)	(12,157,072)	—	-	(12,157,072)
State of New Jersey fringe benefits (note 5)	139,071,078	(2 729 042)	—	139,071,078
Student scholarships Gifts from Rowan University Foundation (note 13)	14,373,224	(3,738,943) (14,373,224)		(3,738,943)
Other grants		(6,376)	_	(6,376)
Investment income, net	11,717,595	22,051,233	28,967	33,797,795
Interest on capital asset related debt	(30,500,692)		(184,942)	(30,685,634)
Other nonoperating revenues, net	3,397,907		411,008	3,808,915
Net nonoperating revenues	245,537,464	3,932,690	255,033	249,725,187
Income before other revenues	394,046	9,916,282	196,534	10,506,862
Capital grants and gifts	1,915,547	_	—	1,915,547
Additions to permanent endowments		31,163,352		31,163,352
Increase in net position	2,309,593	41,079,634	196,534	43,585,761
Net position as of beginning of year	129,324,114	349,345,267	6,808,452	485,477,833
Net position as of end of year \$	131,633,707	390,424,901	7,004,986	529,063,594

	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Student revenues Student Stude	302,829,496	282,364,818
Government and private grants	128,014,127	133,280,173
Professional services and contract	44,426,312	54,064,888
Payments to suppliers Payments for employee salaries and benefits	(205,892,299) (367,671,507)	(195,936,868) (359,136,090)
Self-funded programs and other receipts	7,800,671	6,106,017
Net cash used for operating activities	(90,493,200)	(79,257,062)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
State of New Jersey appropriations	116,472,815	134,676,377
Gifts	15,314,513	14,374,274
Receipts (payments) for other noncapital assets	5,654,589	(1,127)
Receipts for other nonoperating revenues	126,682	293,353
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	137,568,599	149,342,877
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	220 700 005	200 400 704
Proceeds from bond issuance (Funding) drawdown of restricted deposits held by trustees	238,786,965 (210,629,932)	209,486,731 32,145,593
Capital grants	80,255,239	
Costs of issuance	(1,898,568)	(715,051)
Purchases of capital assets	(94,373,195)	(71,990,033)
Principal paid on capital debt	(80,230,397)	(237,873,004)
Interest paid on capital debt	(27,511,172)	(34,403,143)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(95,601,060)	(103,348,907)
Cash flows from investing activities:	(544 464 746)	(670.000.542)
Purchase of investments Sale of investments	(511,164,746) 551,286,099	(679,289,513) 671,349,583
Interest on investments	11,759,602	7,263,730
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	51,880,955	(676,200)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,355,294	(33,939,292)
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of the year	119,301,675	153,240,967
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of the year	122,656,969	119,301,675
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Operating loss	6 (304,723,841)	(245,143,418)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities: State paid fringe benefits	166 202 252	104 020 125
State paid uninge benefits	166,302,352 (15,889,763)	124,030,125 (12,157,072)
Depreciation and amortization expense	71,136,876	62,985,421
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(2,082,758)	6,160,348
Other current assets Accounts payable and accrued expenses, excluding interest on capital debt	(983,217)	(1,992,988)
Unearned revenue - current portion, excluding capital related activities	9,277,818 (3,318,546)	5,321,796 2,325,290
Other liabilities	531,398	(1,869,463)
Deposits held in custody for others	(402,453)	(403,102)
Compensated absences – noncurrent portion	528,077	2,175
Net pension liability, net of deferred amounts	(10,869,143)	(18,516,174)
Net cash used for operating activities	6 (90,493,200)	(79,257,062)
Noncash transaction:	6 000 507	4 800 204
Unrealized gain on investments Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - service concession arrangement	6,208,507 (3,697,384)	4,899,304 (2,091,677)
State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits	166,302,352	124,030,125
State of New Jersey paid other postemployment benefits	(15,889,763)	(12,157,072)
Right-of-use asset additions	10,425,694	4,096,731

# (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Organization

Rowan University (the University), formerly Rowan College of New Jersey, was founded in 1923 and effective July 1, 1967, came under the general policy control of the New Jersey Board of Higher Education. Under the Higher Education Act of 1966, the University and all the other New Jersey State colleges became multipurpose institutions of higher education with an emphasis on the liberal arts and sciences and various professional areas including the science of education and the art of teaching. The operation and management of the University is vested in the University's Board of Trustees.

The University is recognized as a public institution by the State of New Jersey (the State). Under the law, the University is an instrumentality of the State with a high degree of autonomy. However, the University is considered a component unit of the State for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the financial statements of the University are included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

On August 22, 2012 Governor Christie signed the "New Jersey Medical and Health Sciences Education Restructuring Act" (the Law) into law. Effective July 1, 2013, the School of Osteopathic Medicine (SOM) in Stratford, NJ (formerly under the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey (UMDNJ)) was integrated with the University. The Law also established the University as a public research institution.

# (b) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(i) Basis of Presentation

The accounting policies of the University conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to public colleges and universities. The University reports are based on all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34* (GASB 35), establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- Net investment in capital assets: Capital assets, including public-private partnerships, leases and similar subscription-based information technology (IT) arrangements, net of accumulated depreciation, capital related payables, outstanding principal balances and interest of debt and deposits held by trustees attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted:

*Nonexpendable* – Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that must be maintained permanently by the University.

*Expendable* – Net position whose use by the University is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to the stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

• Unrestricted: Net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the University Board of Trustees.



When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources and then towards unrestricted resources.

#### (ii) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting utilizing the economic resources measurement focus. The University reports as a business-type activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34). Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The University classifies as cash equivalents, funds that are in short-term, highly liquid investments, and are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with a portfolio maturity of one year or less.

The University maintains portions of its cash with three custodians, one bank and the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund (NJCMF). All are interest-bearing accounts from which the funds are available upon demand.

(iv) Investments

Investments are reflected at fair value. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade-date basis. Investment income is recorded on an accrual basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in investment income.

#### (v) Capital Assets (Excluding Right-of-use Lease and Subscription-based IT Assets)

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings, and equipment. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Bulk equipment with a unit cost under \$5,000, land improvements, and building improvements costing over \$50,000, as well as equipment with a unit cost over \$5,000 are capitalized. Donated capital assets, including artwork, are recorded at the acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects are constructed. Artwork is considered inexhaustible and is not depreciated. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset	Useful lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings	20–40 years
Equipment	2-20 years

#### (vi) Leases and Similar Subscription-based IT Arrangements

The University is a lessee for various noncancelable leases of buildings and equipment and a lessor for various noncancelable building and land leases. The University also has noncancelable subscription-based IT arrangements (similar to a lease) for the right-to-use IT hardware and software (subscription IT arrangements).



#### Short-term Leases and Subscription IT Arrangements

For leases and subscription IT arrangements with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the University recognizes expense or revenue based on the provisions of the lease contract or subscription IT arrangement, respectively.

#### Leases and Subscription IT Arrangements Other Than Short-term

For all other leases and subscription IT arrangements, the University recognizes a lease or subscription IT liability, respectively, and an intangible right-of-use lease or subscription IT asset, respectively. As a lessor, a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources are established.

#### Measurement of Lease Amounts

At lease commencement, as a lessee, the University initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, less lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs ancillary to placing the underlying asset into service, less any lease incentives received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the right-of-use lease asset is amortized into depreciation expense on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. If the University is reasonably certain of exercising a purchase option contained in a lease, the lease asset will be amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

At lease commencement, as a lessor, the University initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is amortized into rental income on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Amounts associated with a purchase option are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when the option is exercised.

#### Measurement of Subscription IT Amounts

At subscription commencement, the University initially measures the subscription IT liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription IT liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription IT liability, less subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, less any vendor incentives received at or before the subscription IT asset is amortized into depreciation and amortization expense on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying hardware or software.



#### Key Estimates and Judgements

Key estimates and judgements include how the University determines (1) the discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease and subscription payments, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The University generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscription IT arrangements unless the rate that the lessor/vendor charges is known. The incremental borrowing rate estimate is provided by an external financial advisor. The University's incremental borrowing rate for leases and subscription IT arrangement is based on the rate of interest it would need to pay if it issued general obligation bonds to borrow an amount equal to the lease or subscription payments, respectively, under similar terms at the commencement or remeasurement date. As a lessor, the University uses its own taxable rate as the discount rate.
- The lease or subscription term includes the noncancelable period of the lease or subscription IT arrangement, respectively, plus any additional periods covered by either a University or lessor/vendor unilateral option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. Periods in which both the University and the lessor/vendor have an option to terminate or if both parties have to agree to extend are excluded from the lease or subscription term.
- Payments are evaluated by the University to determine if they should be included in the measurement of the lease and subscription IT liabilities, including those payments that require a determination of whether they are reasonably certain of being made, such as purchase options or payments for termination penalties.

#### Remeasurement of Leases and Subscription Amounts

The University monitors changes in circumstances that may require remeasurement of a lease or subscription IT arrangement. When certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease or subscription IT liability, the liability is remeasured and a corresponding adjustment is made to the lease or subscription IT asset, respectively.

# Presentation in Statement of Net Position

Lease and subscription IT assets are reported within capital assets and lease and subscription IT liabilities are reported with long-term debt in the statement of net position.

(vii) Deposits Held in Custody for Others

The University holds cash and cash equivalents as custodian for the Student Government Association and the New Jersey President's Council.

# (viii) Net Pension Liability and Related Pension Amounts

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) and the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), which is a special funding situation, and additions to/deductions from PERS's, PFRS's, and TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS, PFRS and TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about PERS, PFRS and TPAF, please refer to the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits' ACFR. which can be found at: www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.



#### *(ix) Financial Dependency*

One of the University's largest sources of revenue is appropriations from the State, which include state paid fringe benefits. The University is economically dependent on these appropriations to carry on its operations.

#### (x) Student Tuition and Fees

Student tuition and fees are presented net of scholarships applied to student accounts, while other payments made directly to students are presented as student aid expenses and are recognized in the period incurred. Student tuition and fees collected in advance of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue in the accompanying statements of net position.

# (xi) Professional Services and Contract Revenues

Professional services and contract revenues include the operations of the SOM faculty practice plans and affiliated hospital billings. The professional services and contract revenues are recorded on an accrual basis and reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third party payers and others for services rendered. The house staff and affiliations revenues are recorded on an actual basis based on contracts with various affiliated hospitals for reimbursement of salary, fringe and malpractice charges incurred by SOM.

# (xii) Grants and Contracts

All grants and contracts are recognized when all eligibility requirements for revenue recognition are met which is generally the period in which related expenses are incurred. Amounts received from grants and contracts for which eligibility requirements have not been met under the terms of the agreement, are recorded as unearned revenue in the accompanying statements of net position.

#### (xiii) Classification of Revenue

The University's policy for defining operating activities in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are those that serve the University's principal purpose and generally result from exchange transactions such as the payment received for services and payment made for the purchase of goods and services. Examples include (1) student tuition and fees and auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances, (2) most Federal, State, and private grants and contracts, and (3) professional services and contract revenue. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions or do not result from the receipt or provision of goods and services, such as operating appropriations from the state, private gifts, and investment income.

# (xiv) New Accounting Standard Adopted

In June 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62* (GASB 100). This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for accounting changes and error corrections to provide a more understandable, reliable, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. GASB 100 defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity. Under this Statement, accounting changes would require restatement of reported periods as well as additional note disclosure. The requirements of this standard are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023 (fiscal year 2024). GASB 100 is immaterial for the University, but was adopted effective July 1, 2023 for a blended component unit, Rowan Global Inc (RGI).



#### (xv) Accounting Pronouncements Applicable to the University, Issued but Not Yet Effective

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* (GASB 101). The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The requirements of this standard are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023 (fiscal year 2025). The University is evaluating the impact of this new standard.

In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures* (GASB 102). The objective of this Statement is to better provide essential information related to certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that may make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. The requirements of the standard are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2024 (fiscal year 2025). The University is evaluating the impact of this new standard.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* (GASB 103). This statement improves key components of the financial reporting model by enhancing the required information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The statement defines operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and requires enhanced explanation of changes between fiscal years within the management's discussion and analysis. The requirements of the standard are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025 (fiscal year 2026). The University is evaluating the impact of this new standard.

(xvi) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(xvii) Tax Status

The University is exempt from income taxes on related income pursuant to federal and state tax laws as an instrumentality of the State.

# (xviii) Financial Reporting Entity

The University's financial statements and accompanying notes include a blended component unit, RGI. RGI is organized as a not-for-profit corporation in which the University is the sole corporate member and appoints the full Board of Directors, as identified in RGI's articles of incorporation. RGI is included in the financial reporting entity as a blended component unit pursuant to the provisions in paragraph 5 of GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* paragraphs 21-37, as amended.

During the fiscal year 2024, Rowan Global Inc (RGI) executed a settlement agreement to take 100% ownership in Rowan Educational Services, LLC (RES) resulting in it becoming a wholly owned blended component unit of RGI which is subsequently a blended component unit of the University. Therefore under GASB 100, there has been an adjustment to the beginning net position of fiscal year 2024 in the amount of \$448,212 to reflect the inclusion of RES in the financial statements as of the beginning of fiscal year 2024.

The University's financial statements and accompanying notes include a blended component unit, Rowan Educational Attractions, Inc (REA). REA is organized as a not-for-profit corporation in which the University is the sole corporate member and appoints the full Board of Directors, as identified in



REA's articles of incorporation. REA is included in the financial reporting entity as a blended component unit pursuant to the provisions in paragraph 5 of GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* paragraphs 21-37, as amended.

The University's financial statements and accompanying notes include a blended component unit, MACQ – NJ I, LLC (MACQ). MACQ is organized as a special-purpose entity formed for the purpose of acting as an intermediary and agency in connection with the issuance of industrial development bonds to refinance the cost of certain facilities at the University. The University is the sole corporate member. MACQ is included in the financial reporting entity as a blended component unit pursuant to the provisions in paragraph 5 of GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* paragraphs 21-37, as amended.

#### (2) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

#### (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Cash and Cash Equivalents					
	2024	2023			
Cash \$	120,783,756	112,301,033			
State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund	712,458	675,757			
Money market accounts	1,160,755	6,324,885			
Total cash and cash equivalents \$	122,656,969	119,301,675			

Cash and cash equivalents held at a depository and bank balances amounted to \$125,658,547 and \$115,590,708, respectively, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. Of these amounts, \$850,826 and \$500,049 were FDIC insured, and \$121,262,714 and \$111,025,829 were collateralized pursuant to Chapter 64 of Title 18A of New Jersey Statutes as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. There was \$2,832,549 and \$3,389,073 in uncollateralized cash as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The University participates in NJCMF wherein amounts also contributed by other State entities are combined in a large-scale investment program. The University's deposits in the NJCMF were \$712,458 and \$675,757 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These amounts are collateralized in accordance with New Jersey Statute 52:18-16-1, but not in the University's name.

The operations of the NJCMF are governed by statutes of the State and the provisions of the State Investment Council Regulations for the purpose of determining authorized investments. The fair value of the NJCMF is based on the number of shares held by the University and the market price of those shares as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The NJCMF is unrated with an average portfolio maturity of less than one year.

Money market funds are not subject to custodial risk, however, they are subject to credit risk. The balances in the University's money market accounts are unrated.



# (b) Investments

The University's investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Investments		
	2024	2023
U.S. government treasury securities \$	37,936,514	44,721,518
U.S. government agency securities	13,959,117	31,839,077
U.S. corporate bonds	36,278,259	42,877,072
Foreign corporate bonds	10,501,092	14,846,374
Commercial paper	1,796,103	2,760,487
Asset-backed securities	44,823,173	39,890,154
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	7,426,648	8,440,340
Municipal bonds	2,931,420	6,125,899
Collateralized mortgage obligations	2,353,074	3,435,345
Mutual funds – equity	23,437,830	20,397,953
Common stock – equity	237,576	259,434
Total investments \$	181,680,806	215,593,653

The University has an investment policy, which establishes guidelines for permissible investments. Short-term investment options include, but are not limited to, the funds, municipal obligations, etc. that are deemed appropriate and within the risk parameters as determined by the University Board of Trustees and the University Executive Staff.

The University's long-term investment options include, but are not limited to, the purchase of U.S. Government agency obligations, U.S. government treasury securities, corporate bonds, and other investment vehicles (i.e. mutual funds, asset backed securities, etc.) that are deemed appropriate and within the University's investment policy.

The University's investments are subject to various risks. Among these risks are credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) and Standard and Poor's (S&P). The University's investment policy requires that fixed income securities are rated Baa3/BBB – or higher by at least one rating agency. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University does not have investments in a single issuer, excluding the U.S. Government, of more than 5% of its total investments and therefore does not have a concentration of credit risk.



The following tables summarize the agency ratings of the fixed income securities included in the University's investments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024									
		S&P	Rated		Moody's Rated					
	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	Aaa	Aa	Α	Total		
U.S. government treasury										
securities \$	—	37,936,514	—	—	—	—	—	37,936,514		
U.S. government agency										
securities	148,720	13,810,397	—	—	—	—	—	13,959,117		
U.S. corporate bonds	706,720	2,845,889	18,739,399	13,986,251	_	_	_	36,278,259		
Foreign corporate bonds	2,267,696	658,275	3,726,601	2,266,034	1,582,486	_	_	10,501,092		
Commercial paper	_	798,673	997,430	—	_	—	_	1,796,103		
Asset-backed securities	34,067,118	3,043,831	1,059,956	_	5,910,976	562,099	179,193	44,823,173		
Commercial mortgage-										
backed securities	4,912,025	1,135,798	_	_	712,774	666,051	_	7,426,648		
Municipal bonds	266,801	558,683	2,105,936	_	_	_	_	2,931,420		
Collateralized mortgage										
obligations	2,301,861	10,456	_	_	40,757		_	2,353,074		
Total \$	44,670,941	60,798,516	26,629,322	16,252,285	8,246,993	1,228,150	179,193	158,005,400		

	S&P Rated					20 Moody	23 r's Rated		Other Rated			
	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	AAA	AA	Α	Total
U.S. government treasury												
securities \$	_	44,721,518	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	44,721,518
U.S. government agency												
securities	580,047	31,259,030	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	31,839,077
U.S. corporate bonds	-	1,136,055	18,399,415	21,356,182	-	995,100	-	-	-	-	990,320	42,877,072
Foreign corporate bonds	-	_	9,080,627	1,734,511	1,421,241	-	619,874	-	-	999,181	990,940	14,846,374
Commercial paper	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	2,760,487	-	-	-	2,760,487
Asset-backed securities	26,079,778	515,483	500,164	-	7,460,928	1,607,984	789,385	-	1,718,267	27,705	1,190,460	39,890,154
Commercial mortgage-												
backed securities	2,083,105	612,397	-	-	4,067,287	1,045,903	-	-	228,758	402,890	-	8,440,340
Municipal bonds	256,553	3,710,440	1,915,323	-	-	-	124,207	-	-	119,376	-	6,125,899
Collateralized mortgage												
obligations	1,286,155	—	-	-	875,177	—	-	—	1,274,013	-	-	3,435,345
Total \$	30,285,638	81,954,923	29,895,529	23,090,693	13,824,633	3,648,987	1,533,466	2,760,487	3,221,038	1,549,152	3,171,720	194,936,266



Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of a debt investment. The University's investment policy does not specifically address limitations in the maturities of investments. For the University, the following tables summarize the maturities of the fixed income security investments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024 Investment maturities (in years)							
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1–5	6–10	More than 10			
U.S. government treasury								
securities \$	37,936,514	4,789,328	33,147,186	_	_			
U.S. government agency								
securities	13,959,117	6,763,068	5,622,378	917,185	656,486			
U.S. corporate bonds	36,278,259	13,806,165	22,472,094		_			
Foreign corporate bonds	10,501,092	4,485,793	6,015,299		_			
Commercial paper	1,796,103	1,796,103	_	—	—			
Asset-backed securities	44,823,173	1,103,960	34,580,564	4,583,863	4,554,786			
Commercial mortgage-backed								
securities	7,426,648	590,165	1,307,427	—	5,529,056			
Municipal bonds	2,931,420	1,449,518	1,481,902	—	_			
Collateralized mortgage								
obligations	2,353,074		10,456		2,342,618			
Total \$	158,005,400	34,784,100	104,637,306	5,501,048	13,082,946			

	2023 Investment maturities (in years)							
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1–5	6–10	More than 10			
U.S. government treasury								
securities \$	44,721,518	24,510,945	20,210,573		_			
U.S. government agency								
securities	31,839,077	12,957,794	17,247,224	1,107,109	526,950			
U.S. corporate bonds	42,877,072	18,070,779	24,806,293	—	—			
Foreign corporate bonds	14,846,374	8,809,639	6,036,735		_			
Commercial paper	2,760,487	2,760,487			_			
Asset-backed securities	39,890,154	6,566,944	26,241,025	3,521,823	3,560,362			
Commercial mortgage-backed								
securities	8,440,340	793,360	1,006,849		6,640,131			
Municipal bonds	6,125,899	4,196,834	1,929,065	_	_			
Collateralized mortgage								
obligations	3,435,345		639,769		2,795,576			
Total \$	194,936,266	78,666,782	98,117,533	4,628,932	13,523,019			



#### (c) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the financial statement measurement date. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 quoted or published prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 quoted or published prices other than those included within Level 1 and other inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 pricing inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity or the investment.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3. When the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level that is significant to the entire measurement.

The categorization of a financial instrument within the hierarchy is based upon pricing transparency and is not necessarily an indication of the University's perceived risk of that instrument.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value:

- U. S. government treasury securities and agency securities The fair value of government securities and agencies are based on institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs.
- U. S. and foreign corporate bonds The fair value of corporate bonds are based on institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs.
- Common stocks and mutual funds equity The fair value of mutual funds are based on quoted or published market prices, when available, or market prices provided by recognized broker-dealers.
- Asset backed securities, commercial paper, commercial mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations – The fair value of asset backed securities, mortgages, commercial mortgage-backed securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations are based on various market and industry inputs and quotes from market makers and other brokers recognized to be market participants.
- Municipal bonds The fair value of municipal bonds are based on various market and industry inputs.



The University's financial instruments as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy:

In	2024 Investments Measured at Fair Value											
	Total	neu	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3							
Investment:												
U. S. government treasury securities	\$ 37,936,514		37,936,514	_	_							
U. S. government agency securities	13,959,117		_	13,959,117	_							
U. S. corporate bonds	36,278,259		_	36,278,259	_							
Foreign corporate bonds	10,501,092		_	10,501,092	_							
Commercial paper	1,796,103		_	1,796,103	_							
Asset-backed securities	44,823,173		_	44,823,173	_							
Commercial mortgage-backed												
securities	7,426,648		_	7,426,648	_							
Municipal bonds	2,931,420		_	2,931,420	_							
Collateralized mortgage obligations	2,353,074		_	2,353,074	_							
Mutual funds – equity	23,437,830		23,437,830	_	_							
Common stock – equity	237,576		237,576		_							
Total investments	\$ 181,680,806		61,611,920	120,068,886	_							

The University's financial instruments as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy:

2023 Investments Measured at Fair Value											
Inv											
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3							
Investment:											
U. S. government treasury securities	44,721,518	44,721,518	—	_							
U.S. government agency securities	31,839,077	—	31,839,077	—							
U. S. corporate bonds	42,877,072	—	42,877,072	—							
Foreign corporate bonds	14,846,374	—	14,846,374	—							
Commercial paper	2,760,487	—	2,760,487	—							
Asset-backed securities	39,890,154	—	39,890,154	—							
Commercial mortgage-backed											
securities	8,440,340	—	8,440,340	—							
Municipal bonds	6,125,899	—	6,125,899	—							
Collateralized mortgage obligations	3,435,345	—	3,435,345	—							
Mutual funds – equity	20,397,953	20,397,953	—	_							
Common stock – equity	259,434	259,434	—								
Total investments	215,593,653	65,378,905	150,214,748	_							



# (3) Restricted Deposits Held by Trustees

Restricted deposits held by trustees include restricted funds held by three Board approved trustees. Deposits held by trustees consist of cash and money market investments, which are measured at amortized cost. The money market investments were unrated. Restricted deposits held by trustees include funds for construction, debt service reserve, and debt service and consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Restricted Deposits Held by Truste	es	
	2024	2023
Construction funds \$ Debt service and debt service reserve funds	241,975,095 34,825,466	37,750,346 28,420,283
	276,800,561	66,170,629
Less current portion	34,825,466	26,893,768
Noncurrent restricted deposits held by trustees \$	241,975,095	39,276,861



# (4) Capital Assets

The detail of capital assets activity for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

2024		Capital Assets Beginning balance		Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ transfers	Ending balance
Nondepreciable assets:						
Land	\$	51,246,664		721,000	(629,914)	51,337,750
Artwork		2,775,761				2,775,761
Construction in progress		86,722,827		66,599,761	(24,407,887)	128,914,701
Total nondepreciable						
assets		140,745,252		67,320,761	(25,037,801)	183,028,212
Depreciable assets:						
Land improvements		67,428,441		1,487,123	_	68,915,564
Buildings		1,302,308,594		22,342,355	(322,403)	1,324,328,546
Equipment		123,098,562		19,813,748	(19,313,886)	123,598,424
Total depreciable assets		1,492,835,597		43,643,226	(19,636,289)	1,516,842,534
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements		42,295,698		3,292,511		45,588,209
Buildings		585,605,758		42,536,353	_	628,142,111
Equipment		82,727,156		13,171,632	(19,278,208)	76,620,580
Total accumulated						
depreciation		710,628,612		59,000,496	(19,278,208)	750,350,900
		-,,-		,,	(-) -))	,
Total capital assets, net excluding leases	\$	922,952,237		51,963,491	(25,395,882)	949,519,846
excluding leases	φ	922,932,237		51,903,491	(23,393,002)	949,319,040
Nondepreciable right-of-use assets:						
Prepayments on right-of-use assets	\$	622,532		44,279	_	666,811
		. ,		, -		,-
Depreciable right-of-use assets: Right-of-use assets		148,821,755		10,381,415	(6,845,399)	152,357,771
0		140,021,755		10,301,415	(0,040,099)	152,557,771
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Right-of-use assets		25,685,610		11,299,925	(6,504,119)	30,481,416
Right-of-use assets, net (Note 12)	\$	123,758,677		(874,231)	(341,280)	122,543,166
Total capital assets, net as reported in	the s	tatement of net p	os	ition		1,072,063,012



2023		Capital Assets Beginning balance		Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ transfers	Ending balance
		Dalance		Transiers	uansiers	Datatice
Nondepreciable assets: Land	\$	51,246,664				51,246,664
Artwork	φ	2,775,761				2,775,76
Construction in progress		59,763,089		56,643,267	(29,683,529)	86,722,827
Total nondepreciable						
assets		113,785,514		56,643,267	(29,683,529)	140,745,252
Depreciable assets:						
Land improvements		66,151,591		1,276,850	_	67,428,441
Buildings		1,274,709,768		27,598,826	_	1,302,308,594
Equipment		106,786,083		16,609,521	(297,042)	123,098,562
Total depreciable assets		1,447,647,442		45,485,197	(297,042)	1,492,835,597
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements		39,033,852		3,261,846	_	42,295,698
Buildings		543,579,131		42,026,627	_	585,605,758
Equipment		71,815,744		11,180,643	(269,231)	82,727,156
Total accumulated						
depreciation		654,428,727		56,469,116	(269,231)	710,628,612
Total capital assets, net						
excluding leases	\$	907,004,229		45,659,348	(29,711,340)	922,952,237
New Januaria bla rinkt of the analysis						
Nondepreciable right-of-use assets: Prepayments on right-of-use assets	\$	578,532		44,000	_	622,532
Depreciable right-of-use assets:		,		,		. ,
Right-of-use assets		145,373,829		4,096,731	(648,805)	148,821,755
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Right-of-use assets		15,375,329		10,310,281		25,685,610
Right-of-use assets, net (Note 12)	\$	130,577,032		(6,169,550)	(648,805)	123,758,677
Total capital assets net as reported	in the e	totoment of not n	=			1 046 710 91

Total capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position

\$ <u>1,046,710,914</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$70,276,133 and \$66,779,397, respectively. The estimated cost to complete capital projects included in construction in progress as of June 30, 2024 approximates \$258,236,728. Anticipated financing for these projects is approximately \$123,530,175 in grant funds, \$95,642,546 in bond funding and \$39,064,088 in University funds.

# (5) State of New Jersey Fringe Benefits

The State, through separate appropriations, pays certain fringe benefits, principally health benefits and FICA taxes, on behalf of University employees and retirees. The costs of these benefits, \$166,302,352 and \$139,071,078, respectively, for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, were paid directly by the State on behalf of the University and are included in the accompanying financial statements as State of New Jersey fringe benefits revenue and as operating expenses.

# (6) Retirement Plans

The University participates in several retirement plans, administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division), covering its employees – the PERS, the PFRS, the TPAF, the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP), and the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP). PERS, PFRS and TPAF are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plans, while ABP and DCRP are defined contribution retirement plans. Generally all employees, except certain part-time employees, participate in one



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

of these plans. The University is charged for pension costs through a fringe benefit charge assessed by the State which is included with the State of New Jersey fringe benefits in the accompanying financial statements (see note 5).

A publicly available ACFR of the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, which includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about the PERS's, PFRS's, and TPAF's fiduciary net position, can be obtained at https://www.state.nj.us/ treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml. or by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, NJ 08625-0295.

## (a) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### **General Information**

(i) Public Employees' Retirement System

*Plan description* – PERS was established under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to substantially all full-time employees of the State or any county, municipality, school district or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state pension fund or local jurisdiction's pension fund.

Benefits provided – All benefits vest after ten years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

*Contributions* – The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Members contribute at a uniform rate. The member contribution rate at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 7.5% of pensionable wages. The State contributes the employer's share on behalf of the University. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. The University's contributions to PERS (amounts paid



by the State on behalf of the University) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$21,342,842 and \$19,833,865, respectively.

#### (ii) Police and Firemen's Retirement System

*Plan description* – PFRS was established under the provisions of N.J.S.A 43:16A to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to substantially all full time county and municipal police or firemen and state firemen or officer employees with police powers appointed after June 30, 1944.

*Benefits provided* – All benefits vest after ten years of service, except disability benefits, which vest after four years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PFRS:

Tier	Definition		
1	Members who were enrolled prior to May 22, 2010		
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011		
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011		

Service retirement benefits are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 2% of final compensation for each year of creditable service, as defined, up to 30 years plus 1% for each year of service in excess of 30 years. Members may seek special retirement after achieving 25 years of creditable service, in which benefits would equal 65% (tiers 1 and 2 members) and 60% (tier 3 members) of final compensation plus 1% for each year of creditable service over 25 years, but not to exceed 30 years. Members may elect deferred retirement benefits after achieving ten years of service, in which case benefits would begin at age 55 equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of service.

*Contributions* – The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The State contributes the employer's share on behalf of the University. The State's contribution amount is based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. The member contribution rate at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 10% of pensionable wages. The University's contributions to PFRS (amounts paid by the State on behalf of the University) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$2,802,125 and \$2,934,363, respectively.

(iii) Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund

*Plan description* – TPAF was established under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners and employees of the State of New Jersey, Department of Education, who have titles that are unclassified, professional, and certified. Certain faculty members of the University participate in the TPAF. Under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66-33, the State is legally obligated to make contributions on behalf of all participating employers to the plan, therefore TPAF meets the definition of a special funding situation as defined in GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

*Benefits provided* – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. All benefits vest after ten years of service. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.



The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

*Contributions* – The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The full normal contribution rate at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 7.5%. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The University's respective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and pension expense related to PERS and PFRS are calculated by the Division. At June 30, 2024, the University reported a liability of \$263,749,830 and \$20,806,658 for PERS and PFRS, respectively, for its proportionate share of the respective PERS and PFRS net pension liabilities. At June 30, 2023, the University reported a liability of \$265,732,975 and \$18,911,809 for PERS and PFRS, respectively, for its proportionate share of the respective PERS and PFRS net pension liabilities As the State is legally obligated to fund TPAF on behalf of the University, the University's proportionate share of net pension liability at June 30, 2024 and 2023 of \$818,959 and \$888,839, respectively, is recognized by the State. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities, which were recorded in the statement of net position as of June 30, 2024, were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities, which were recorded in the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023, were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. For PERS and PFRS, the University's proportionate share of the respective net pension liabilities for the fiscal years 2024 and 2023 were based on the actual contributions made by the State on behalf of the University relative to the total contributions of participating employers of the State Group for each plan for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. For TPAF, the University's proportionate share of the respective net pension liability for the fiscal year was based on the actual contributions made by the State on behalf of the University relative to the total contributions made by the



State for fiscal year 2023 and 2022. The University's allocation percentages and pension expense for each plan are as follows:

2023					
Summary of Pension Amounts					
PERS PFRS TPAF					
2023 Allocation percentage – State					
Group/Nonemployer Group <sup>1</sup>	1.174 %	0.470 %	0.002 %		
2023 Allocation percentage – Total Plan <sup>2</sup>	0.712 %	0.119 %	0.002 %		
Pension expense for the measurement date June 30, 2023 \$	12,328,068	1,909,332	20,119		

2022 Summary of Pension Amounts					
PERS PFRS TPAF					
2022 Allocation percentage – State					
Group/Nonemployer Group <sup>1</sup>	1.187 %	0.437 %	0.002 %		
2022 Allocation percentage – Total Plan <sup>2</sup> Pension expense for the measurement date	0.707 %	0.106 %	0.002 %		
June 30, 2022 \$	4,001,590	1,223,591	23,921		

<sup>1</sup> – Allocation percentage for PERS and PFRS based on total State Group. Allocation percentage for TPAF based on total Nonemployer Group.

 $^{2}$  – Allocation percentage calculated as the University's respective net pension liability as a percentage of the total plan's net pension liability.

As TPAF is a special funding situation, the University recognized revenue related to the support provided by the State as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 of \$20,119 and \$23,921, respectively, in the State of New Jersey fringe benefits amount on the statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position.



The University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

2024 Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources from Pensions				
L	PERS	PFRS	Total	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Changes of assumptions \$	267,345	15,611	282,956	
Changes in proportionate share	6,626,442	2,434,114	9,060,556	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	5,847,876	580,962	6,428,838	
Net differences between projected and				
actual investment earnings on				
pension plan investments	4,034,170	506,824	4,540,994	
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	21,342,842	2,802,125	24,144,967	
Total \$	38,118,675	6,339,636	44,458,311	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Changes in proportionate share \$	6,377,151	179,099	6,556,250	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	785,010	339,959	1,124,969	
Changes of assumptions	7,570,381	499,871	8,070,252	
Total \$	14,732,542	1,018,929	15,751,471	

2023				
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources from Pensions PERS PFRS Total				
		1110	Total	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Changes of assumptions \$	397,072	19,085	416,157	
Changes in proportionate share	10,961,882	1,579,232	12,541,114	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	4,284,841	140,776	4,425,617	
Net differences between projected and				
actual investment earnings on				
pension plan investments	6,419,490	670,050	7,089,540	
Contributions subsequent to the	-, -,	,	, ,	
measurement date	19,833,865	2,934,363	22,768,228	
Total \$	41,897,150	5,343,506	47,240,656	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Changes in proportionate share \$	6,710,825	373,775	7,084,600	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	1,399,371	468,116	1,867,487	
Changes of assumptions	19,453,388	909,188	20,362,576	
Total \$	27,563,584	1,751,079	29,314,663	



As the State is legally obligated to fund TPAF on behalf of the University, the University's proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recognized by the State.

At June 30, 2024, \$24,144,967 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions made on behalf of the University by the State subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Future Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources				
	PERS	PFRS	Total	
Years ending:				
2025 \$	(2,619,632)	280,497	(2,339,135)	
2026	1,987,513	597,418	2,584,931	
2027	2,631,302	865,611	3,496,913	
2028	23,434	388,562	411,996	
2029	20,674	333,872	354,546	
Thereafter		52,622	52,622	
\$	2,043,291	2,518,582	4,561,873	

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities related to PERS, PFRS, and TPAF measured as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were based on actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2022 and 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions:

2024 Actuarial Assumptions					
	PERS PFRS TPAF				
Inflation rate:					
Price	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%		
Wage	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%		
Salary increases:					
	2.75 - 6.55%	3.25 – 16.25%	2.75 - 4.25%		
	based on years of	based on years of	based on years of		
	service	service	service		
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%		



2023 Actuarial Assumptions					
PERS PFRS TPAF					
Inflation rate:					
Price	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%		
Wage	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%		
Salary increases:					
	2.75 – 6.55%	3.25 – 16.25%	2.75 - 5.65%		
	based on years of	based on years of	based on years of		
service service service					
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%		

#### 2023

For PERS, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

# 2022

For PERS, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

# 2023

For PFRS, employee mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females. For healthy annuitants, mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and a 96.0% adjustment for females. Disability rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

# 2022

For PFRS, employee mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females. For healthy annuitants, mortality



rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and a 96.0% adjustment for females. Disability rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

#### 2023

For TPAF, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

#### 2022

For TPAF, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7% June 30, 2023 and 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.



Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's, PFRS's and TPAF's target asset allocations as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 are summarized in the following tables:

2023 Target Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return				
	PERS PFRS TPAF			
	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return		
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00 %	6.21 %		
Cash Equivalents	2.00	3.31		
U.S. Treasuries	4.00	3.31		
Investment Grade Credit	7.00	5.19		
High Yield	4.50	6.97		
Private Credit	8.00	9.20		
Real Assets	3.00	8.40		
Real Estate	8.00	8.58		
US Equity	28.00	8.98		
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	12.75	9.22		
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50	11.13		
Private Equity	13.00	12.50		
International Small Cap Equity	1.25	9.22		

2022 Target Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			
	PERS PFRS TPAF		
	Target	Long-term expected	
	allocation	real rate of return	
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00 %	4.91 %	
Cash Equivalents	4.00	1.75	
U.S. Treasuries	4.00	1.75	
Investment Grade Credit	7.00	3.38	
High Yield	4.00	4.95	
Private Credit	8.00	8.10	
Real Assets	3.00	7.60	
Real Estate	8.00	11.19	
US Equity	27.00	8.12	
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50	8.38	
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50	10.33	
Private Equity	13.00	11.80	



#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

In fiscal year 2024, for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on 100% of the actuarially determined contribution for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023 was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

In fiscal year 2023, for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on 100% of the actuarially determined contribution for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2022 was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the University as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date calculated using the discount rates as disclosed above as well as the net pension liability if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

2023 Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability			
At 1%At currentAt 1%Plan (rates)decreasediscount rate			
PERS(6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%) \$ PFRS(6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%)	301,586,110 24,283,393	263,749,830 20,806,658	231,628,889 17,910,229

The following presents the net pension liability of the University as of the June 30, 2022, measurement date calculated using the discount rates as disclosed above as well as the net pension liability if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

2022 Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability				
Plan (rates)	At 1%	At current	At 1%	
	decrease	discount rate	increase	
PERS(6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%) \$ PFRS(6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%)	303,222,173	265,732,975	233,912,281	
	22,007,749	18,911,809	16,333,209	



# (b) Defined Contribution Retirement Plans

# Alternative Benefit Program (ABP)

ABP provides retirement and death benefits for or on behalf of those full-time professional employees and faculty members electing to participate in this optional retirement program. Participation eligibility as well as contributory and noncontributory requirements is established by the State of New Jersey Retirement and Social Security Law. Contributions can be invested with up to six investment carriers available under the plan. Additional voluntary contributions may be made on a tax-deferred basis, subject to limits within the Internal Revenue Code. The University assumes no liability for ABP members other than payment of contributions.

Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected. All benefits vest after the completion of one year of service. Individually owned annuity contracts that provide for full ownership of retirement and survivor benefits are purchased at the time of vesting. Participating University employees contribute 5% of salary and may contribute a voluntary additional contribution up to the maximum Federal statutory limit, on a pre-tax basis.

Employer contributions are 8%. During the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, ABP investment carriers received employer and employee contributions as follows:

ABP Employer and Employee Contributions				
	_	2024	-	2023
Employer contributions \$ Employee contributions	\$	16,002,820 30,372,559		14,779,184 28,106,213
Basis for contributions: Participating employee salaries \$	\$	200,035,250		184,739,801

Employer contributions to ABP are paid by the State and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as State of New Jersey fringe benefit revenue and as expenses.

Effective July 1, 2010, Governor Christie signed Chapter 31, P.L. 2010 into law, which only allowed employer contributions to ABP for salaries up to \$141,000. Effective July 1, 2018, Chapter 14, P.L. 2018 increased the salary cap allowing for employer contributions to ABP for salaries up to \$175,000.

# **Defined Contribution Retirement Plan**

DCRP was established under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008 and Chapter 1, P.L. 2010. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit along with life insurance and disability coverage. DCRP enrollment eligibility criteria includes employees who: (1) earn below a minimum base salary, or (2) do not work a minimum number of hours per week, or (3) are enrolled in PERS and make in excess of the established "maximum contribution" limits. Participating eligibility, as well as contributory and noncontributory requirements, is established by the State of New Jersey Retirement and Social Security Law.

DCRP has one investment carrier, Prudential, which jointly administers the DCRP investments with the Division of Pensions and Benefits. The University assumes no liability for DCRP members other than payment of contributions. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement option selected. All benefits vest immediately for employees who are enrolled in PERS or after one year for employees not in PERS. Individually owned annuity contracts that provide for full ownership of retirement and survivor benefits are purchased at the time of vesting.



Participating University employees contribute 5.5% of their eligible wages. Employer contributions are 3%. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, Prudential received employer and employee contributions as follows:

DCRP Employer and Employee Contributions				
	2024	2023		
Employer contributions \$ Employee contributions	65,680 120,412	48,012 88,021		
Basis for contributions: Participating employee salaries \$	2,189,294	1,600,369		

# (c) Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

The University's retirees participate in the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan (the Plan).

*Plan description, including benefits provided* - The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, which provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursements to retirees and their covered dependents. Although the Plan is a single-employer plan, it is treated as a cost-sharing multiple employer plan for standalone reporting purposes. In accordance N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32, the State of New Jersey (the State) is required to pay the premiums and periodic charges for OPEB of State employees who retire with 25 years or more of credited service, or on a disability pension, from one or more of the following pension plans: the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP) or the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS). In addition, Chapter 302, P.L. 1996 provides that for purposes of this Plan, the University's employees retain any and all rights to the health benefits in the Plan, even though the University is considered autonomous from the State, therefore, its employees are classified as State employees. As such, the State is legally obligated for the benefit payments on behalf of the retirees of the University; therefore, the Plan meets the definition of a special funding situation as defined in GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75).

Retirees who are not eligible for employer-paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their covered dependents. Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage, who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011, will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their healthcare coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible for will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The Plan is administered on a pay-as-you-go-basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the definition of a trust as per GASB 75.

# Total OPEB Liability and OPEB expense

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the State recorded a liability of \$397,117,012 and \$419,423,528, respectively, which represents the portion of the State's total proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability that is associated with the University (the University's share). The University's share was based on the ratio of its members to the total members of the Plan. At June 30, 2024, the University's share was 7.18% and 1.89% of the special funding situation and of the Plan, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the University's share was 7.54% and 2.01% of the special funding situation and of the Plan, respectively.



For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University recognized OPEB benefit of (\$15,889,763) and (\$12,157,072), respectively. As the State is legally obligated for benefit payments on behalf of the University, the University recognized revenue related to the support provided by the State of (\$15,889,763) and (\$12,157,072) in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs – The State's liability associated with the University at June 30, 2024 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The State's liability associated with the University at June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. These valuations used the following assumptions:

OPEB Valuation Assu	mption
	2024
Inflation	N/A
Discount rate	3.65%
Salary increases	
Through all future years	2.75 – 16.25%
	based on years
	of service
OPEB Valuation Assu	mption
	2023
Inflation	N/A
Discount rate	3.50%
Salary increases	
Through all future years	<b>2.75 – 16.25%</b>
	based on years
	of service

The discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Salary increases depend on the pension plan a member is enrolled in. In addition, they are based on years of service and age in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The June 30, 2022 valuation used preretirement mortality rates based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Future disability mortality was based on Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Current disabled retirees' mortality was based on Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Current disabled retirees' mortality was based on Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The June 30, 2021 valuation used preretirement mortality rates based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the



central year using Scale MP-2021. Future disability mortality was based on Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Current disabled retirees' mortality was based on Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality table with fully generational mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

*Health Care Trend Assumptions* – The June 30, 2022 valuations initially used a trend rate of 6.5% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after nine years for pre-Medicare medical benefits. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2024 through 2025 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 7.5% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 15.93% in fiscal year 2033. For HMO the trend is initially 7.89% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 17.83% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 9.5% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

The June 30, 2021 valuations initially used a trend rate of 6.25% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years for pre-Medicare medical benefits. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2023 through 2024 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 6.36% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 14.35% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% after 8 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.53% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 15.47% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% after 8 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

# (7) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

The components of accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses				
	2024	2023		
Vendors and other \$	45,111,554	35,682,513		
Salaries, benefits, and withholdings	20,858,151	20,283,864		
Due to State of New Jersey	7,974,155	6,561,067		
Compensated absences – current portion	12,154,704	11,108,342		
Accrued interest payable	12,034,268	9,705,398		
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses \$	98,132,832	83,341,184		



# (8) Long-term Debt

# (a) Bonds Payable

Capital assets are financed through revenue bonds of the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA), the CCIA and the GCIA. The following obligations were outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Outstanding Bonds Payable						
	Interest rate	2024	2023			
NJEFA Series 2011 C Revenue Refunding Bonds, due						
serially to 2025	3.000%-5.000% S	2,245,000	4,690,000			
CCIA Series 2013 A SOM Revenue Refunding						
Bonds, due serially to 2032	3.000%-5.000%	—	17,820,000			
CCIA Series 2013 B SOM Revenue Refunding						
Bonds due serially to 2032	0.890%-5.160%	14,085,000	15,415,000			
GCIA Series 2015 A Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2036	3.250%-5.000%	34,745,000	34,745,000			
GCIA Series 2015 B Revenue Refunding Bonds, due						
serially to 2031	1.500%-5.000%	33,900,000	38,135,000			
GCIA Series 2015 C Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2044	4.000%-5.000%	51,550,000	51,550,000			
NJEFA Series 2016 C Revenue Refunding, due serially						
to 2031	<mark>2.500%–5.000%</mark>	28,485,000	32,165,000			
GCIA Series 2017 A Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2033	3.000%-5.000%	52,550,000	58,560,000			
GCIA Series 2019 Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2048	4.000%-5.000%	56,600,000	56,600,000			
CCIA Series 2020 A Revenue Refunding Bonds, due						
serially to 2035	5.000%	62,570,000	63,740,000			
CCIA Series 2020 B Revenue Refunding Bonds, due						
serially to 2023	1.125%-1.330%	—	2,710,000			
GCIA Series 2021 Loan Revenue Bonds, due serially						
to 2052	4.000%-5.000%	64,780,000	64,780,000			
GCIA Series 2021 Loan Revenue Notes, due serially						
to 2025	0.600%	—	24,500,000			
GCIA Series 2024 Loan Revenue Bond, due serially to 2054	5.000%	167,325,000	—			
GCIA Series 2024 Loan Revenue Notes, due serially to 2025	4.000%	25,605,000	—			
CCIA Series 2024 Lease Revenue Refunding Bond, due						
serially to 2032	5.000%	15,375,000	—			
		609,815,000	465,410,000			
_		009,010,000	400,410,000			
Plus:		00.405.000				
Bond premium		66,435,389	54,260,281			
Total bonds payable	5	676,250,389	519,670,281			



Bonds Payable Principal and Interest Repayments					
	Principal	Interest		Total	
	amount	amount		amount	
Year ending June 30:					
2025 \$	49,355,000	26,249,591		75,604,591	
2026	23,945,000	25,405,955		49,350,955	
2027	25,340,000	24,178,044		49,518,044	
2028	29,670,000	22,788,346		52,458,346	
2029	24,595,000	21,771,173		46,366,173	
2030-2034	106,920,000	93,705,019		200,625,019	
2035-2039	95,445,000	70,287,838		165,732,838	
2040-2044	92,660,000	49,068,075		141,728,075	
2045-2049	82,810,000	28,043,200		110,853,200	
2050-2054	66,555,000	10,923,875		77,478,875	
2055-2059	12,520,000	313,000		12,833,000	
\$	609,815,000	372,734,116		982,549,116	

Future annual debt service requirements approximate the following:

In February 2024, The Camden County Improvement Authority (CCIA) issued Rowan University Series 2024 Bonds. The 2024 tax exempt revenue refunding bonds totaled \$15,375,000 with a coupon rate of 5.000% and maturity through 2032. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to refund and redeem the Refunded 2013A Bonds, and pay the costs and expenses incurred in the issuance of the 2024 Bonds. The principal amount of this bond was \$15,375,000 as of June 30, 2024, respectively. The refunding resulted in a gross debt service cash-flow savings of \$1,306,058.

In February 2024, The Gloucester County Improvement Authority (GCIA) issued Rowan University Series 2024 Bonds. The 2024 Ioan revenue bonds totaled \$167,325,000 with a coupon rate of 5.000% and maturity through 2054. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to finance a portion of the costs of the development and construction of a new, approximately 180,000 square foot, state-of-the-art school of veterinary medicine, applied science and clinical facility, improvements to housing facilities, and various other capital improvements or repairs. The principal amount of this bond was \$167,325,000 as of June 30, 2024.

In February 2024, The Gloucester County Improvement Authority (GCIA) issued Rowan University Series 2024 Notes. The 2024 Ioan revenue note totaled \$25,605,000 with a coupon rate of 4.000% and maturity through 2025. The proceeds from these bonds were amended and supplemented from the 2021 GCIA Note series and will continue to be used for a portion of the costs of a project consisting of the construction of an approximately thirty thousand square foot expansion of the Chamberlain Student Center. The principal amount of this note was \$25,605,000 as of June 30, 2024.

# (b) Financed Purchase Obligation

In 2008, the University entered into a lease agreement with SORA Housing LLC (SORA Housing). SORA Housing constructed two four story student housing facilities with a total of 242 units, consisting of 884 total beds, on a leasehold interest in land that was conveyed to SORA Housing by the Borough of Glassboro. SORA Housing agreed to lease the land, the facilities and the facilities equipment together with the fixtures, improvements and equipment to the University.



In 2008, the University entered into a lease agreement with SORA Retail LLC (SORA Retail). SORA Retail constructed an approximately thirty six thousand square foot two story building for use as a university bookstore and other uses compatible with a university bookstore. The bookstore, which also contains a coffee shop, is being sub-leased to Barnes & Noble College Booksellers, Inc. Rental payments are due in monthly installments.

In 2011, the University entered into a lease agreement with SORA A-1 Housing Urban Renewal Entity, LLC (SORA A-1). SORA A-1 constructed a mixed-use building on land it owns in Glassboro, New Jersey. The building consists of a five-story, mid-rise apartment building with ground floor retail. Within this building, on the second through fifth floor, SORA A-1 constructed apartment units, classrooms, offices and other administrative spaces. The administrative space, in addition to classrooms and offices, includes lounges, study rooms, recreational rooms together with all common elements, including elevators, laundry facilities, recreational and fitness facilities and other amenities. The University's lease pertains to the apartment units and administrative areas only. The apartment units are being occupied by University honor students and consist of 280 beds.

In 2012, the University entered into a Master Lease Agreement to restructure the three leases above into a single lease. The Master Lease will be for a thirty-year term through 2042. The University has the option to purchase all, but not less than all, of the Premises at any time during the Term of the Lease in accordance with terms listed in the Agreement. If no election to purchase the Premises occurs during the term, upon the payment in full of all rent and other charges due under the Lease, the Premises shall be conveyed to the University at the conclusion of the term without additional consideration. The University received a landlord contribution of \$8,150,000 to help defray the costs of implementation of the property to its intended use.

In November 2022, due to the purchase and blended financial reporting of MACQ – New Jersey I, LLC, the financed purchase obligations for SORA Housing, SORA Retail, and SORA A-1 are treated as refinanced debt using the IDA Series 2022A and Series 2022B bonds.

In fiscal year 2022, the University's 2019 parking license agreement with the GCIA commenced. GCIA constructed a multi-level parking garage consisting of approximately 1,025 parking spaces. The University's agreement pertains to 507 parking spaces. The term of the agreement is 30 years, or such time as any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued to finance or refinance the parking garage are no longer outstanding. The University has a financed purchase payable as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 in the amount of \$14,137,938 and \$14,453,319, respectively.



Financed Purchase Principal and Interest Payments					
	Principal	Interest	Total		
	amount	amount	amount		
Year ending June 30:					
2025 \$	329,616	597,994	927,610		
2026	344,374	583,613	927,987		
2027	359,692	568,590	928,282		
2028	375,580	552,911	928,491		
2029	391,715	536,898	928,613		
2030-2034	2,230,805	2,410,855	4,641,660		
2035-2039	2,748,829	1,881,397	4,630,226		
2040-2044	3,375,421	1,229,694	4,605,115		
2045-2049	3,981,906	431,201	4,413,107		
\$	14,137,938	8,793,153	22,931,091		

Future minimum lease payments under the financed purchases are as follows:

# (c) Other Long-Term Debt

Other long-term debt consists of the following:

- (A) In July 2013, the University received notification of an institutional grant award from the New Jersey Higher Education Capital Facilities Grant Program. The University was awarded \$26,588,048 from the Higher Educational Capital Improvement Fund Act. The University is required to pay 1/3 of the debt service on its allocation of the bond proceeds plus administrative fees of the Trustees and the Authority. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$5,246,120 and \$5,647,041, respectively, with maturities through August 15, 2033.
- (B) In July 2016, the University was notified by the State that it was awarded a \$16,000,000 grant under the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Act. Funding was provided from bonds issued by the NJEFA. The grant is to be used to fund two projects: (1) Facilities Adaptive Reuse Program for Academic Space Expansions and (2) Joint Health Sciences Center Expansion. The University is required to pay 1/3 of the debt service on its allocation of the bond proceeds. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$3,961,328 and \$4,176,184, respectively, with maturities through August 15, 2036.
- (C) In October 2023, the University was notified by the State that it was awarded a \$8,000,000 grant under the Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Program. Funding was provided from bonds issued by the NJEFA. The grant is to be used to fund a Core Network and Datacenter Telecommunications Infrastructure project. The University is required to pay 1/4 of the debt service on its allocation of the bond proceeds. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 is \$1,893,483, with maturities through August 1, 2031.
- (D) In October 2023, the University was notified by the State that it was awarded a \$6,000,000 grant under the Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Program. Funding was provided from bonds issued by the NJEFA. The grant is to be used to fund a Business continuity and Disaster Recovery Improvement project. The University is required to pay 1/4 of the debt service on its allocation of the bond proceeds. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 is \$1,428,303, with maturities through August 1, 2030.



Other Long Term Debt Principle and Interest Repayments					
	Principal	Interest	Total		
	amount	amount	amount		
Year ending June 30:					
2025 \$	1,018,409	573,350	1,591,759		
2026	1,068,313	523,476	1,591,789		
2027	1,120,431	471,145	1,591,576		
2028	1,171,760	419,810	1,591,570		
2029	1,224,972	366,501	1,591,473		
2030-2034	5,759,914	959,981	6,719,895		
2035-2039	1,165,435	89,346	1,254,781		
\$	12,529,234	3,403,609	15,932,843		

Principal and interest payments for these obligations are as follows:

#### (d) Direct Placements

Capital assets are financed through direct placement debt of the IDA. The following obligations were outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Outstanding Direct Placement Debt					
	Interest rate	2024	2023		
IDA Series 2022A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, due					
serially to 2042	2.800%	183,705,000	187,785,000		
IDA Series 2022B Lease Revenue Bonds, due					
serially to 2042	3.970%	13,145,000	13,640,000		
Total direct placement bonds payable		\$ 196,850,000	201,425,000		

Direct Placement Debt Principal and Interest Repayments				
	Principal	Interest	Total	
	amount	amount	amount	
Year ending June 30:				
2025 \$	5,055,000	5,665,597	10,720,597	
2026	5,560,000	5,518,031	11,078,031	
2027	6,090,000	5,356,091	11,446,091	
2028	6,645,000	5,179,078	11,824,078	
2029	7,230,000	4,986,232	12,216,232	
2030-2034	46,635,000	21,409,890	68,044,890	
2035-2039	68,380,000	13,509,780	81,889,780	
2040-2042	51,255,000	2,931,433	54,186,433	
\$	196,850,000	64,556,132	261,406,132	



In November 2022, the IDA issued Rowan University Series 2022A Bonds. The 2022 tax exempt lease revenue refunding bonds totaled \$191,425,000 with a coupon rate of 2.800% and maturing through 2042. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to refinance the debt associated with the University's financed purchases related to MACQ – New Jersey I, LLC. The principal amounts of these bonds were \$183,705,000 and \$187,785,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In November 2022, the IDA issued Rowan University Series 2022B Bonds. The 2022 tax exempt lease revenue bonds totaled \$13,965,000 with a coupon rate of 3.970% and maturing through 2042. The proceeds from these bond issuances were used to finance the costs of Rowan University acquiring the lease revenue bonds through the acquisition of the sole membership interest of MACQ – New Jersey I, LLC and cover the issuance costs of the IDA Series 2022A and Series 2022B. The principal amounts of these bonds were \$13,145,000 and \$13,640,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# (e) Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

2024 Long-term Obligations Rollforward							
	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within One Year		
Bonds payable \$	519,670,281	225,083,765	68,503,657	676,250,389	49,355,000		
Other long-term debt	9,823,225	3,321,786	615,777	12,529,234	1,018,409		
Financed purchase obligation	14,453,319	_	315,381	14,137,938	329,616		
Direct placement debt	201,425,000	_	4,575,000	196,850,000	5,055,000		
Leases and subscriptions,							
including component unit	126,885,969	10,381,415	10,513,896	126,753,488	8,977,688		
Total long-term							
obligations \$	872,257,794	238,786,966	84,523,711	1,026,521,049	64,735,713		

	2023								
	Long-term Obligations Rollforward								
	Beginning			Ending	Due within				
	balance	Additions	Reductions	balance	One Year				
Bonds payable	545,244,495	_	25,574,214	519,670,281	47,485,000				
Other long-term debt	11,410,460	—	1,587,235	9,823,225	615,777				
Financed purchase obligation	136,387,396	—	121,934,077	14,453,319	315,382				
Direct placement debt	_	205,390,000	3,965,000	201,425,000	4,575,000				
Leases and subscriptions,									
including component unit	132,228,759	4,096,731	9,439,521	126,885,969	7,284,081				
Total long-term									
obligations	825,271,110	209,486,731	162,500,047	872,257,794	60,275,240				

The University does not have any open lines of credit.

The GCIA 2015A, GCIA 2015B, GCIA 2015C, NEFA 2016C, GCIA 2017A, GCIA 2019, GCIA 2021 Bonds, IDA 2022A, IDA 2022B, GCIA 2024 Bonds, and GCIA 2024 Notes series contain provisions that, in the event of default, the bondholders have the right to request all outstanding amounts of their respective bond in default immediately. The NJEFA 2011C, CCIA 2013B, CCIA 2020A, and CCIA 2024 series are secured with the collateral of their respective financed projects. The default remedy allows the respective issuer to refit the building and sublet the property until all outstanding amounts have been recovered, including the refit costs. The lease arrangements with Nexus for a multi-level parking garage and a five-story retail, classroom, and office building contain provisions that, in the event of default, the



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

leaseholder has the right to terminate the lease and sell privately or publicly, the goods, fixtures, or other personal property, as well as cancel the respective purchase options at the end of the lease. The CIF 2016B grants from the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Act include provisions that, in the event of default, the issuer has the right to request the forfeiture of all the unused grant funds and the repayment of all used funds, with a credit for an any principal payments already made by the University, with respect to the issuance in default. The 2014 grant from the New Jersey Higher Education Capital Facilities Grant Program contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the State is allowed to withhold appropriations to recover the amount owed. The 2023 grants from the New Jersey Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Program are secured with the collateral of their respective financed projects and include provisions that, in the event of all used funds, with a credit for an any principal payment of all used funds, with a credit for an any principal payment is already made by the University, is allowed to withhold appropriations to recover the amount owed. The 2023 grants from the New Jersey Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Program are secured with the collateral of their respective financed projects and include provisions that, in the event of default, the issuer has the right to request the forfeiture of all the unused grant funds and the repayment of all used funds, with a credit for an any principal payments already made by the University, with respect to the issuance in default and the State is allowed to withhold appropriations to recover the amount owed.

# (9) Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

2024 Noncurrent Liabilities Activity							
	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Current portion	Non-current portion	
Compensated absences \$	13,848,097	12,682,781	11,108,342	15,422,536	12,154,704	3,267,832	
Unearned revenue	119,317,573	80,624,598	38,280,239	161,661,932	34,164,677	127,497,255	
Other liabilities	23,511,869	2,645,826	1,991,945	24,165,750	1,991,946	22,173,804	
Repurchase liability	3,220,000	_	_	3,220,000	· · · –	3,220,000	
Deposits held in custody for							
others	2,928,211	2,491,754	2,894,207	2,525,758	_	2,525,758	
Net pension liability	284,644,784	29,992,023	30,080,319	284,556,488	_	284,556,488	
Bonds payable	519,670,281	225,083,765	68,503,657	676,250,389	49,355,000	626,895,389	
Other long-term debt	9,823,225	3,321,786	615,777	12,529,234	1,018,409	11,510,825	
Financed purchase obligation	14,453,319	_	315,381	14,137,938	329,616	13,808,322	
Direct placement debt	201,425,000	_	4,575,000	196,850,000	5,055,000	191,795,000	
Leases and subscriptions,							
including component unit	126,885,969	10,381,415	10,513,896	126,753,488	8,977,688	117,775,800	
Total noncurrent							
liabilities \$	1,319,728,328	367,223,948	168,878,763	1,518,073,513	113,047,040	1,405,026,473	



	2023							
		Noncurrent	Liabilities Activity					
	Beginning			Ending	Current	Non-current		
	balance	Additions	Reductions	balance	portion	portion		
Compensated absences \$	13,710,198	11,110,518	10,972,619	13,848,097	11,108,342	2,739,755		
Unearned revenue	118,907,831	35,567,675	35,157,933	119,317,573	38,280,239	81,037,334		
Other liabilities	32,173,474	_	8,661,605	23,511,869	1,869,463	21,642,406		
Repurchase liability	3,220,000	—	—	3,220,000	—	3,220,000		
Deposits held in custody for								
others	3,559,335	2,610,493	3,241,617	2,928,211	_	2,928,211		
Net pension liability	276,489,837	33,207,500	25,052,553	284,644,784	_	284,644,784		
Bonds payable	545,244,495	_	25,574,214	519,670,281	47,485,000	472,185,281		
Other long-term debt	11,410,460	_	1,587,235	9,823,225	615,777	9,207,448		
Financed purchase obligation	136,387,396	_	121,934,077	14,453,319	315,382	14,137,937		
Direct placement debt	_	205,390,000	3,965,000	201,425,000	4,575,000	196,850,000		
Leases and subscriptions,								
including component unit	132,228,759	4,096,731	9,439,521	126,885,969	7,284,081	119,601,888		
Total noncurrent								
liabilities \$	1,273,331,785	291,982,917	245,586,374	1,319,728,328	111,533,284	1,208,195,044		

# (10) Professional Services and Contract Revenues

The SOM Faculty Practice Plan revenues primarily consist of fee for service payments, inclusive of quality incentives and capitation payment, from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and other third party insurance providers for inpatient and outpatient services provided by the SOM faculty. In addition, significant contract payments for medical directorships and other contracted service agreements, such as behavioral health and hospitalist services, account for approximately one-third of the revenues.

On June 5, 2023 a new affiliation agreement went into effect at the University's faculty practices. As a result, the affiliate collects the patient services revenues including gross charges, allowances, and bad debt directly and pays an affiliation fee to the University.

The components of net professional services and contract revenues for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Net Professional Services and Contracts Revenue						
	2024	2023				
Faculty practice revenues:						
Gross charges \$	5,878,764	73,608,575				
Contractual and other allowances	1,509,931	(36,459,544)				
Provision for bad debts	(36,191)	(905,325)				
Bad debt recovery	96,785	193,721				
Affiliation revenue	30,511,928	2,393,092				
Total faculty practice	37,961,217	38,830,519				
House staff and affiliation revenues:						
House staff billings	2,242,169	8,481,144				
Affiliation billings	1,445,017	3,169,702				
Total house staff and affiliation	3,687,186	11,650,846				
Total net professional services and contract revenues \$	41,648,403	50,481,365				



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Gross charges pertain to the following payers:

Faculty Practice Plan Gross Charges					
	2024	2023			
Medicare	— %	38 %			
Medicaid and Medicaid HMO	—	20			
Contracts	100	10			
Other third party payors	_	30			
Uninsured, charity care and self pays	—	2			
	100 %	100 %			

Faculty practice gross accounts receivable pertain to the following payers:

Faculty Practice Plan Accounts Receivable				
	2024	2023		
Medicare	— %	18 %		
Medicaid and Medicaid HMO	_	29		
Contracts	100	29		
Other third party payors	_	24		
Self pays	_			
	100 %	100 %		

# (11) Commitments and Contingencies

# (a) Compensated Absences

The University recorded a liability for accumulated vacation time in the amount of approximately \$12,155,000 and \$11,108,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying statements of net position. The liability is calculated based upon employees' accrued vacation leave as of the statements of net position date.

Payments for accumulated sick leave balances are made to retiring employees upon regular retirement. The payment is based on 50% of the employee's sick leave accumulation, at the pay rate in effect at the time of retirement up to a maximum of \$15,000. Employees separating from University service prior to retirement are not entitled to payments for accumulated sick leave balances. Accordingly, the University recorded a liability for accumulated sick leave balances in the amount of approximately \$2,940,000 and \$2,417,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is included in compensated absences non-current portion in the accompanying statements of net position.

During fiscal year 2010, through negotiations with the State of New Jersey, bargaining unit employees were required to take seven unpaid days. In exchange, three paid time off days were provided for either future use or pay out upon separation. A liability for the accumulated leave bank in the amount of approximately \$328,000 and \$322,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, is recorded in compensated absences non-current portion in the accompanying statements of net position.



#### (b) Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss. As an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, the liability of the University is subject to all of the provisions of the New Jersey Tort Claims Act (N.J.S.A. 59:11 et seq.), the New Jersey Contractual Liability Act (N.J.S.A. 59:13 1 et seq.), and the availability of appropriations. The Tort Claims Act also creates a Tort Claims Fund and provides for payment of eligible claims filed against the University or against its employees, whom the State is obligated to indemnify against tort claims which arise out of the performance of their duties. Therefore, the University's liability and employee benefit exposures are self funded programs maintained and administered by the State (including tort liability, employment liability, medical professional liability, auto liability, trustee's and officer's liability, life insurance and employee retirement programs). An annual appropriation is provided by the legislature for all statutory self funded programs.

The University purchases and maintains a commercial property insurance policy through a joint insurance program with the New Jersey Association of State Colleges and Universities (NJASCU a/k/a the Consortium). University buildings, contents, plant operations, boiler & machinery, business interruption, and lost revenue are insured on an all risk replacement cost basis with a per occurrence limit of \$2.0 billion, subject to a \$100,000 per occurrence deductible. A \$500,000 combined per occurrence deductible applies to several University buildings due to flood exposure; the University's per occurrence policy deductible is capped at the \$500,000.

In addition to the property insurance policy maintained through the consortium, the University maintains several policies of insurance to ensure a comprehensive approach to managing the risk of loss from exposures that are or may be ineligible for Tort Claims Protection. The following policies are maintained and these policies also extend coverage to the University's separately incorporated 501(c)(3) auxiliary organizations: Crime insurance policy (moneys and securities coverage) in the amount of \$2,000,000 with a per loss deductible of \$25,000; Information Security & Privacy Liability in the amount of \$15,000,000 with a per loss deductible of \$100,000. The University maintains a Student Professional Liability policy in the amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate and a per loss deductible of \$10,000 to cover students participating in professional internships (excludes medical students since they are provided protection through the Tort Claims Act). The University also maintains an Executive Plus Director's and Officer's Liability policy in the amount of \$5,000,000.

The following policies of insurance are maintained for the University's separately incorporated 501 (c)(3) auxiliary organizations (New Jersey Statutes Title 18A Education provides each auxiliary organization with the power to "sue and be sued" (N.J.S.A. 18A:64 30) and directs them to procure their own legal representation because they will not be represented by the State of New Jersey Office of Attorney General (N.J.S.A. 18A:64 35), thereby exempting them from protection under the New Jersey Tort Claims Act): Director's and Officer's Liability in the amount of \$5,000,000 with a per occurrence deductible of \$25,000; General Liability in the amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate and a per occurrence deductible of \$100,000, which also extends coverage to Rowan student educational programs and activities; and excess liability in the amount of \$20,000,000 which responds above the General Liability policy, and the University's Student Professional Liability policy referenced above, and also provides difference in conditions coverage to the University to cover any gaps in Tort Claims liability protection. In addition, a professional liability insurance policy is maintained for Rowan Global, Inc. in the amount of \$2,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the annual aggregate with a deductible of \$2,500 per claim.

All commercial insurance policies are renewed on an annual basis. There has been no decrease in insurance coverage during the current year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in the past three years.



## (c) Medical Malpractice Self-Insurance Fund

The University participates in a fund administered by the State known as the Medical Malpractice Self-Insurance Fund (the Fund), which is used to pay malpractice claims and related insurance premiums. The University and the State approve the payment of claims and the University is required to make contributions to the Fund from the SOM Faculty Practice Plan and the Graduate Medical Education (GME) programs. Monies in the Fund, commercial excess liability insurance coverage, and coverage provided by the New Jersey Tort Claims Act are used to meet the cost of claims against SOM. The State has the ultimate liability for any claims in excess of the Fund's assets.

Payment of claims (indemnity and expenses) from the Fund totaled \$449,773 and \$372,365 in fiscal year 2024 and 2023, respectively, for SOM. The University contributed \$1,484,000 to the fund for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount for fiscal year 2024, \$1,113,000 was paid while the remaining \$371,000 is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2024. The University contributed \$3,250,000 to the fund for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount for fiscal year 2022. In this amount for fiscal year 2023, \$1,874,550 was paid while the remaining \$625,450 is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2023.

#### (d) Voluntary Compliance Plan

UMDNJ had operated under a five year Corporate Integrity Agreement (CIA) with the Department of Health and Human Services Offices of the Inspector General (DHHS OIG) since September 2009. This agreement was assignable to successor organizations. Upon the integration of SOM into Rowan University, the Board of Trustees of Rowan University adopted a healthcare compliance program consistent with relevant laws and practices, and to fulfill the requirements of the CIA and the 15 remaining months of the agreement. The CIA requirements expired September 2014, but the compliance measures that have been developed and implemented will be continued. A Voluntary Compliance Program was implemented on September 26, 2014 and remains in place.

#### (e) Other Contingencies

The University is involved in several claims and lawsuits incidental to its operations. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the University.

# (f) Service Concession Arrangement for the Student Housing Facility

#### (i) Ground Lease

On April 30, 2015, the University entered into a ground lease with Provident Group – Rowan Properties LLC (Provident) to develop, construct and operate a student housing facility (the Project), consisting of an approximately 1,415 bed student housing facility including a shell for a residential dining facility, with all buildings, improvements, fixtures, furnishing, equipment and amenities necessary for the operation thereof on certain real property located on the campus (the Land), along with associated site infrastructure and various related amenities, utilities and improvements within and outside the Land. The term of the ground lease is 37 years and commenced on April 30, 2015 with no option to renew or extend by Provident. Upon termination of the ground lease, all rights, title and interest to the Project shall automatically and immediately vest in the University. The base annual rent is equal to the surplus cash flows, net of reserve requirements from inception to the preceding period. In the event the rent payment would cause Provident to break any debt covenants, the University would not collect rent for that year.

In connection with the ground lease, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority issued Revenue Bonds (the Bonds) and lent the proceeds to Provident in order to fulfill their obligations under the ground lease. The University has no obligation to pay debt service on the Bonds.



During the term of the ground lease, Provident shall use and operate the Land for the sole and exclusive purpose of developing and constructing the Project, operating the Project as a student housing facility only for residents, with a sublease of the Dining Facility with the University under the Dining Facility Sublease for use by the residents, the University, students and staff of the University and their visitors and authorized representatives. The University will act as an agent for Provident, entering into Residence License Agreements with students to reside in the student housing facility, collecting all amounts due and remitting them to the Bond Trustee and enforcing compliance with the Residence License Agreements in accordance with the management agreement. Under the terms of the Bond Trustee Indenture, the Bond Trustee will accumulate these fees to pay the annual debt service of Provident and reimburse the operating expenses of the student housing facilities on a monthly basis.

#### (ii) Management Agreement

On April 30, 2015, the University entered into a management agreement with Provident and University Student Living Management, LLC (the Manager) (collectively, the Management Agreement) to engage the Manager to manage, operate and maintain the student housing facility. The term of the Management Agreement is five years with extensions for two successive five year periods commencing with the expiration of the original five year engagement, unless either party provides notice of nonextension at least 120 days prior to such expiration. The original five year engagement began after the date of substantial completion of the student housing facility in which revenues are deposited to the Bond Trustee.

All fees due to the Manager are the responsibility of Provident. The University is responsible for the billing and collection of student housing fees, deposits, charges and other amounts under residence license agreements and remitting the funds to the Bond Trustee. The University will provide resident life services and staffing; marketing of the student housing facility; and cable, telephone and internet services, all of which may be reimbursed as operating expenses of the Project.

(iii) Dining Facility Sublease

On April 30, 2015, the University entered into a Dining Facility Sublease with Provident for the operation and management of a dining facility that was constructed under the project development agreement. The term began on the date that the Project is substantially completed and the University accepts possession of the dining facility. The end of the lease is concurrent with the ground lease with automatic renewal to the extent that the ground lease is extended or renewed. The base annual rent is \$1.00.

#### (iv) Nature and Extent of Rights

During the term of the ground lease, Provident shall use and operate the Property for the sole and exclusive purpose of developing and constructing the Project, operating the Project as a student housing facility only for residents, with a sublease of the Dining Facility with the University under the Dining Facility Sublease for use by the residents, the University, students and staff of the University and their visitors and authorized representatives. The building shall be named as determined by the University in its sole and absolute discretion. The Manager shall manage, operate, and maintain the Student Housing Facility, with the advice and consultation of a project operations committee established by Provident under the Operating Agreement, pursuant to the Ground Lease, which shall at all times be composed of five (5) members, three (3) of whom shall be appointed by the University, one (1) of whom shall be appointed by the University also have the right and option at any time after ten (10) years either (a) to purchase Provident's right, title, and interest in and to the Property, or (b) to terminate the Ground Lease, or (c) to acquire all the rights, titles and interests of Provident under the Loan Agreement and the other Bond Documents and any and all disbursements to be made. Upon



the termination or expiration of the Ground Lease from any cause, all rights and interests of Provident shall immediately cease and terminate, and all of the Project and Property, including all buildings, structures, improvements, equipment, engines, machinery, dynamos, generators, boilers, furnaces, elevators, fire escapes, and all lifting, lighting, heating, cooling, refrigerating, air conditioning, ventilating, gas, electric and plumbing apparatus, appliances and fixtures, as well as other fixtures attached to or within the Property, and all personality and any other personal property located thereon, shall thence forward constitute and belong to and be the absolute property of the University or the University's successors and assigns.

#### (v) Amounts of Assets and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The assets that resulted from the service concession arrangement for the student housing facility consists of equipment, building, and building improvements. The equipment for the year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$4,113,495 and \$3,987,171, respectively. The building for the year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$115,155,436. The building improvements for the year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$0 and \$893,088, respectively. The deferred inflow of resources related to service concession arrangement for the year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$89,857,193 and \$93,554,577, respectively.

#### (g) Availability Payment Arrangements for the Camden Garage

On May 22, 2019, the University entered into a ground lease with The Camden County Improvement Authority (CCIA) for the sum of \$1,500,000 to develop and construct a parking garage (the Project), consisting of an approximately 1,025 space parking facility to provide parking to, among others, students, faculty, staff, patients, and visitors of the Medical School and Cooper facilities and the expanding health sciences campus. In connection with the ground lease, CCIA issued revenue bonds to construct the Project and settle the lease payment to the University. The University has no obligation to pay debt service on the bonds. The term of the ground lease is from commencement of May 22, 2019 and shall terminate on the date fifteen years from the final maturity date of the Bonds, which shall occur on June 30, 2049. The lease may be extended should the issuance of additional bonds be required to complete the Project. The lease also has an early termination clause should all indebtedness issued in connection with the Project be paid and all monthly fees owed by the University or Cooper under the parking license agreements (noted below) are paid in full. During the term of the ground lease, CCIA shall use and operate the land for the sole and exclusive purpose of developing and constructing the Project and operating the Project as a parking facility. The parking garage was completed in October 2021. Operating expenses related to the parking garage for the year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$562,232 and \$555,360, respectively.

# (h) Dining Services

In June 2014, the University entered into a dining services agreement with Gourmet Dining, LLC to provide dining services. The agreement also established a Capex Fund for the University related to the purchase of dining facility related equipment to be amortized over the life of the agreement. The University amended the agreement effective October 2018 which extended the agreement through June 30, 2033 and established an Investment Fund balance at the University to be funded by Gourmet Dining through annual deposits through October 2021, which the University will return in monthly increments through June 30, 2035. The University amended the agreement effective October 2020 which allowed the University to defer the monthly Investment Fund increments due October 2020 through December 2021 until fiscal year 2022. A subsequent amendment extended this deferral through the remainder of fiscal year 2021. The full deferral of \$1,102,355 will be amortized beginning July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2034. The unamortized balance in the Capex Fund as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$7,196,983 and \$7,950,785, respectively. The remaining balance in the Investment fund as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$22,859,757 and \$22,060,765.



# (i) Camden Housing Project

In April 2014, the University entered into an agreement regarding Development of Housing and Related Guaranty of Rental Payment with Broadway Housing Partners LLC (the Developer) to purchase and redevelop the properties in the immediate vicinity of CMSRU. These properties contain approximately fifty-six residential rental units, which the Developer intends to lease to University students as fair market rental housing, and, with regard to any units that are not leased to University students, to any other qualified renters, so as to maximize occupancy of the units in the project. As the University directly benefits from the redevelopment of the properties, the University warrants to pay the Developer on an annual basis the difference between ninety-five percent of aggregate standard rent and the aggregate rent collected. There is no cap of these shortfall payments during the initial term (years 1–10). During the second term (years 11-20), as the rent increases, in year 11 the shortfall payment shall not exceed \$300,000; and in each calendar year thereafter the cap shall be increased by a percentage equal to the percentage increase in the CPI index. The University's shortfall payments will not exceed the aggregate amount of \$2,500,000 over the course of the second term. The University shall have no obligation to pay any amounts to the Developer for the periods after the expiration of the second term. The first rental year began on August 1, 2015. The University made \$264,077 and \$260,481 shortfall payments during fiscal year 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# (j) Glassboro Housing Project

In November 2016, December 2016, and April 2017 the University entered into agreements with Urban Renewal, LLC (the Developer) for affiliated student housing in Glassboro NJ. These three properties provide housing for approximately 1,619 students. As the University directly benefits from the development of the properties, the University warrants to pay the Developer on an annual basis the difference between ninety-five percent of aggregate standard rent and the aggregate rent collected for each agreement. The ninety-five percent annual guaranty amount for all three properties extends through the spring semester of 2024. The University is due a placement fee per bed up to the ninety-five percent of student units. This amount may be deducted from any shortfall payment the University may need to make. The University received a payment net of the annual guarantee from the developer of \$681,089 and \$99,803 for fiscal year 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# (k) Inspira Health Network

The University entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Inspira Health Network (Inspira) for certain property owned by the University for \$11.5 million during fiscal year 2016. In conjunction with the transaction, the University and Inspira also entered into a Repurchase and Right of First Refusal Agreement, whereas the University has the option to repurchase the property if Inspira has not commenced efforts to develop the land by the fourth anniversary of the closing and further, the University has the option to repurchase undeveloped portions of the property after 20 years from the date of the closing. On May 24, 2017, Inspira broke ground on the medical center project planned for the 100-acre parcel property purchased from the University. The first phase of the medical center was approximately 467,000 square feet which will allow for additional development over time. This phase was completed in December 2019. The portion of the property currently under construction represents approximately 72% of the overall property cost. As a result, the University recognized the partial land sale of \$8,280,000, a gain of \$830,817, as well as \$900,000 in contribution revenue for the appraised market value of the donated land from Harrison Township and reduced the original repurchase liability from \$12,400,000 as of June 30, 2016 to \$3,220,000.



# (12) Leases and SBITAs

# (a) Lessee and SBITA

As discussed in note 1(b)(vi), the University is a lessee for various noncancelable leases of buildings and equipment. The University also has noncancelable SBITAs for the right-to-use IT hardware and software.

A summary of right-of-use asset activity during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Right-of-use A	ssets		
2024	Beginning balance	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ transfers	Ending balance
Nondepreciable right-of-use assets: Prepayment of subscription \$	622,532	44,279	_	666,811
Total right-of-use assets	622,532	44,279	_	666,811
Right-of-use assets:				
Real Estate Equipment Subscription	134,456,808 391,170 13,973,777	45,305 — 10,336,110	(1,192,268) (344,647) (5,308,484)	133,309,845 46,523 19,001,403
Total right-of-use assets	148,821,755	10,381,415	(6,845,399)	152,357,771
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Right-of-use assets:				
Real Estate Equipment Subscription	18,202,287 282,653 7,200,670	6,206,371 98,562 4,994,992	(850,989) (344,647) (5,308,483)	23,557,669 36,568 6,887,179
Total accumulated depreciation	25,685,610	11,299,925	(6,504,119)	30,481,416
Total right-of-use assets, net \$	123,758,677	(874,231)	(341,280)	122,543,166



	Right-of-use A	ssets		
2023	Beginning balance	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ transfers	Ending balance
Nondepreciable right-of-use assets: Prepayment of subscription \$	578,532	44,000	_	622,532
Total right-of-use assets	578,532	44,000		622,532
Right-of-use assets:				
Real Estate Equipment Subscription Total right-of-use assets	134,181,693 391,170 10,800,966 145,373,829	923,920 	(648,805)	134,456,808 391,170 13,973,777 148,821,755
Less accumulated depreciation:	140,070,020	4,000,701	(0+0,000)	140,021,700
Right-of-use assets:				
Real Estate Equipment Subscription	11,974,425 184,091 3,216,813	6,227,862 98,562 3,983,857		18,202,287 282,653 7,200,670
Total accumulated depreciation	15,375,329	10,310,281		25,685,610
Total right-of-use assets, net \$	130,577,032	(6,169,550)	(648,805)	123,758,677

# Lease and Subscription Liabilities

A summary of changes in the related lease and subscription liabilities during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

2024 Lease and Subscription Liabilities							
		Beginning balance	Additions	Remeasurements	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within One Year
Leases	\$	121,394,371	45,305	(341,280)	4,666,376	116,432,020	4,537,685
Subscriptions	_	5,491,598	10,336,110	_	5,506,240	10,321,468	4,440,003
Total leases and							
subsciptions	\$	126,885,969	10,381,415	(341,280)	10,172,616	126,753,488	8,977,688

2023 Lease and Subscription Liabilities							
		Beginning balance	Additions	Remeasurements	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within One Year
Leases Subscriptions	\$	125,604,832 6,623,927	923,920 3,172,811	(648,805)	4,485,576 4,305,140	121,394,371 5,491,598	4,661,752 2,622,329
Total leases and subsciptions	\$	132,228,759	4,096,731	(648,805)	8,790,716	126,885,969	7,284,081



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

e Payment Total Principal Interest amount amount amount Year ending June 30: 2025 \$ 4,537,685 3,182,181 7,719,866 2026 5,149,330 3,073,485 8,222,815 2027 6,126,819 2,929,975 9,056,794 2028 6,326,019 2,775,186 9,101,205 2029 6,603,183 2,613,400 9,216,583 2030-2034 31,409,853 10,570,044 41,979,897 2035-2039 23,917,885 30,663,118 6,745,233 2040-2044 20,376,615 23,700,249 3,323,634 2045-2049 9,563,841 1,036,300 10,600,141 2050-2054 2,420,790 2,480,951 60,161 \$ 116,432,020 36,309,599 152,741,619

Future annual payments are as follows:

Subscription Payments								
	Principal Interest		Total					
	amount	amount	amount					
Year ending June 30:								
2025 \$	4,440,003	211,581	4,651,584					
2026	3,785,719	100,959	3,886,678					
2027	1,274,588	30,380	1,304,968					
2028	821,158	1,943	823,101					
\$	10,321,468	344,863	10,666,331					

The University incurred variable expenses associated with SBITAs in the amount of \$1,145,886 and \$1,012,239, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# (b) Lessor

As discussed in note 1(b)(vi), the University is a lessor for various noncancelable leases of buildings and land.

The University received variable lease income in the amount of \$357,635 and \$375,502 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.



		Lease Rever	nue		
	Compor	nent unit	Non-comp	onent unit	
	Future	Interest	Interest Future Interest		
	inflows	amount	inflows	amount	Total
Year ending June 30:					
2025 \$	46,421	87,800	400,500	20,739	555,460
2026	46,421	88,797	340,299	7,338	482,855
2027	46,421	89,773	70,079	65	206,338
2028	46,421	90,725	33,333	—	170,479
2029	46,421	91,650	33,333	—	171,404
2030–2034	232,103	471,013	166,667	—	869,783
2035–2039	232,103	488,532	166,667	—	887,302
2040-2044	232,103	499,147	166,667	—	897,917
2045-2049	232,103	500,124	166,667	—	898,894
2050-2054	232,103	488,018	166,667	—	886,788
2055-2059	232,103	458,515	166,667	—	857,285
2060-2064	232,103	406,234	161,110	—	799,447
2065-2069	232,103	324,500	—	—	556,603
2070-2074	232,103	205,060			437,163
2075-2079	185,680	46,279			231,959
\$	2,506,712	4,336,167	2,038,656	28,142	8,909,677

Future annual lease revenues are as follows:

# (13) Rowan University Foundation

#### (a) Component Unit

Rowan University Foundation (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax exempt component unit of the University with a fiscal year end of June 30. The Foundation has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service concluding that it is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising entity to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the Foundation's assets are used exclusively for the benefit, support, and promotion of the University and its educational activities. Because these resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or are for the benefit of the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented as part of the University's financial statements. The University provides accounting, accounts payable, and payroll services for the Foundation.

On August 14, 2014, the Rowan Innovation Venture Fund (the Fund) was formed as a legally separate, single member limited liability corporation whose sole member is the Foundation. The Fund is managed by or under the direction of the Fund's Board of Managers as appointed by the Foundation. Further, the Foundation is able to impose its will on the Fund by influencing its activities and is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the Fund's resources. Because the Foundation. The primary purpose of the Fund is establishing, developing, owning, managing, operating and administering a seed and early stage venture capital fund to support and leverage the innovation talents and ideas of the members of the Rowan University community and to accelerate the impact of the University on the economic development of Southern New Jersey. As the Fund is organized as a not-for-profit corporation for which the Foundation is the sole member, its activities are blended into the totals of the Foundation. The Fund is treated as a disregarded entity by the Foundation under Treasury Regulations Sections 301.7701-1 through 301.7701-3 as it is a limited liability corporation with a single owner. Accordingly, the Fund is recognized as a tax exempt entity as described in Section 501(c)(3).



During the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 the University received \$15,314,513 and \$14,373,224, respectively, from the Foundation. Complete financial statements of the Foundation can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Rowan University, Glassboro, New Jersey.

#### (b) Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Nonexpendable Investments and Investments

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Foundation's cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported on the statements of net position as follows:

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments									
	2024	2023							
Cash and cash equivalents \$	9,141,455	12,178,080							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	7,351,173	8,561,235							
\$	16,492,628	20,739,315							
Investments \$	77,872,049	68,529,098							
Restricted investments	62,621,424	48,176,210							
Restricted nonexpendable investments	266,958,096	252,436,857							
\$	407,451,569	369,142,165							

Cash, cash equivalents, restricted nonexpendable investments and investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Inve	stments	
	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash \$	8,488,591	7,023,930
Money market funds	8,004,037	13,715,385
\$	16,492,628	20,739,315
Investments:		
Bond mutual funds (domestic) \$	35,843,070	34,806,073
Common stock mutual funds (domestic)	90,903,971	88,209,870
Common stock mutual funds (international)	62,588,876	52,583,720
Privately held common stock	185,989	214,928
Venture capital investments	5,806,713	5,276,491
Alternative investments	212,122,950	188,051,083
\$	407,451,569	369,142,165

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the decrease in fair value on investments was \$27,164,547 and an increase of \$16,078,226, respectively and the net realized gain on investments for June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$5,341,208 and \$6,457,740, respectively. The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of a calculation of the net change in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year were included as a change in the fair value of investments reported in the prior year and the current year.



The Foundation has an investment policy, which establishes guidelines for permissible investments. The Foundation may invest in domestic equity securities, international equity securities, fixed income securities, real estate investments and venture capital investments. The Foundation's cash and cash equivalents and investments are subject to various risks. Among these risks are custodial credit risk, credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Foundation's deposits may not be returned to it. Cash and money market accounts were held at a depository and bank balances amounted to \$16,506,820 and \$20,422,408 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Of this amount, \$304,898 and \$303,981 was FDIC insured, leaving an uninsured and uncollateralized balance of \$16,201,922 and \$20,118,427.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as S&P and Moody's. The Foundation's investment policy requires fixed income securities to replicate the Barclays Capital Aggregate characteristics with regard to maturity, structure, duration, credit quality, sector distribution, etc. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the bond mutual funds (domestic) were unrated.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of a debt investment. The Foundation's investment policy does not specifically address limitations in the maturities of investments.

2024 Foundation Investments' Average Duration											
Investment type	Fair value	Average effective duration									
Bond mutual funds (domestic) \$	18,829,785	6.91 years									
Bond mutual funds (domestic)	10,572,693	6.15 years									
Bond mutual funds (domestic)	6,290,702	7.13 years									
Bond mutual funds (domestic)	149,890	6.13 years									
Total \$	35,843,070										

The Foundation's investments' average effective duration for June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

2023 Foundation Investments' Average Duration											
Investment type		Fair value	Average effective duration								
Bond mutual funds (domestic)	\$	10,188,561	6.62 years								
Bond mutual funds (domestic)		18,330,877	7.13 years								
Bond mutual funds (domestic)		6,154,007	7.13 years								
Bond mutual funds (domestic)		132,628	6.29 years								
Total	\$	34,806,073									



#### Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the financial statement measurement date. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 unadjusted quoted or published prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 quoted or published prices other than those included within Level 1 and other inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 pricing inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity or the investment.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3. When the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level that is significant to the entire measurement.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value:

- Bond and common stock mutual funds The fair value of bond and common stock mutual funds are based on quotations obtained from national securities exchanges or the published price as of the measurement date.
- Venture capital investments The fair value of the venture capital investments is based off of the initial cost of investments that are entered into during the current fiscal year and cost was determined to approximate fair value. Venture capital investments made in prior years are analyzed to determine if any adjustments to the cost basis of such investments is necessary.
- Alternative investments (including absolute return, private equity and realty investments) The fair
  value is based off of the net asset value (NAV), which is provided by the investment managers and
  reviewed by the management for reasonableness.

While the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.



The Foundation's financial instruments at June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy:

Foundation Fi	nancial Instrur	ne	ents Fair Value	Hierarchy	
	Total		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments measured at fair value:					
Bond mutual funds (domestic) \$	35,843,070		35,843,070	—	_
Common stock mutual funds					
(domestic)	90,903,971		90,903,971	—	—
Common stock mutual funds					
(international)	62,588,876		62,588,876	—	—
Privately held common stock	185,989		—	—	185,989
Venture capital investments	5,806,713			<u> </u>	5,806,713
Subtotal	195,328,619	\$	189,335,917	_	5,992,702
Investments measured at net asset					
value:					
Absolute return	47,735,279				
Private equity	146,231,959				
Realty investments	18,155,712				
Subtotal	212,122,950				
Total cash equivalents					
and investments \$	407,451,569				



The Foundation's financial instruments at June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy:

Foundation Fi	nancial Instrur	ne	ents Fair Value	Hierarchy	
	Total		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments measured at fair value:					
Bond mutual funds (domestic) \$	34,806,073		34,806,073		_
Common stock mutual funds					
(domestic)	88,209,870		88,209,870		
Common stock mutual funds					
(international)	52,583,720		52,583,720	—	—
Privately held common stock	214,928		—	—	214,928
Venture capital investments	5,276,491				5,276,491
Subtotal	181,091,082	\$	175,599,663		5,491,419
Investments measured at net asset					
value: Absolute return	44 479 054				
	44,478,054				
Private equity Realty investments	127,885,195 15,687,834				
Itearly investments	13,007,034				
Subtotal	188,051,083				
Total cash equivalents					
and investments \$	369,142,165				

# Investments Measured at NAV

The following table represents the unfunded commitments and redemption terms by investment type as of June 30, 2024:

Investments Measured at NAV											
				Redemption							
				frequency							
			Unfunded	(if currently		Redemption					
		Fair value	commitments	eligible)		notice period					
Absolute return <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	47,735,279	1,925,042	Quarterly		65–100 days					
Private equity <sup>(b)</sup>		146,231,959	53,440,527	Illiquid		Not applicable					
Realty investments <sup>(c)</sup>		18,155,712	18,700,859	Illiquid		Not applicable					
	\$	212,122,950									



The following table represents the unfunded commitments and redemption terms by investment type as of June 30, 2023:

Investments Measured at NAV										
						Redemption				
						frequency				
				Unfunded		(if currently		Redemption		
		Fair value		commitments		eligible)		notice period		
Absolute return <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	44,478,054		3,750,000		Quarterly		65–100 days		
Private equity <sup>(b)</sup>		127,885,195		46,800,267		Illiquid		Not applicable		
Realty investments <sup>(c)</sup>		15,687,834		16,101,982		Illiquid		Not applicable		
	\$	188,051,083								

- (a) Absolute return includes 5 and 6 hedge funds as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The funds seek to achieve capital appreciations through various strategies, including long/short equity, long/short credit, relative value and other market neutral strategies. One of the investments, about 0.1% of the overall total, has been liquidated and fully redeemed by June 2024. The remaining investments are redeemable as disclosed above.
- (b) Private equity includes 33 and 32 funds as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The funds seek to invest in nonpublicly traded investments that will eventually be sold at a return in excess of public markets. This strategy is implemented through illiquid vehicles and cannot be redeemed. The remaining life of these funds is 1 to 12 years with possible extensions for 14 funds. Capital is distributed to investors as the funds' investments are liquidated over that time period.
- (c) Realty investments includes 11 and 9 funds as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. All of the funds seek to purchase real estate that can be improved and later sold to provide a return that is in excess of public real estate markets. This strategy is implemented through illiquid vehicles and cannot be redeemed. The remaining life of these funds is 1 to 10 years with possible extensions for four funds. Capital is distributed to investors as the funds' investments are liquidated over that time period.



#### (c) Restricted Nonexpendable Net Position

Restricted nonexpendable net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Henry and Betty Rowan for general operations \$	97,000,118	97,000,118
Virtua Health College of Medicine & Health Sciences Endowment	54,375,000	50,000,000
Henry M. Rowan College of Engineering Endowment	21,000,000	21,000,000
Jean & Ric Edelman Fossil Park Endowment	19,354,204	19,354,204
The Ric Edelman College of Communication & Creative Arts Endowment	9,500,000	9,500,000
Rohrer College of Business	6,097,280	5,597,280
Menon and Grant Scholarship Fund for College of Science and Mathematics	5,921,947	5,921,947
Rita and Larry Salva Virtua Health College of Medicine & Life Sciences of Rowan University Fund	5,850,000	_
The Shreiber Family Pet Therapy Program	3,001,345	3,001,330
The John H. Martinson Honors College	3,000,080	2,000,000
Shreiber School of Veterinary Medicine of Rowan University	2,000,500	1,000,000
RowanSOM Endowed Scholarship	_	1,750,000
Keith and Shirley Campbell Endowment to support library operations	1,641,896	1,641,896
Thomas N. Bantivoglio Honors Program for scholarships	1,403,897	1,403,897
Rohrer College of Business Honors	1,400,000	1,200,000
Rona Stern Staut Res. Professorship	1,346,517	1,346,517
John B. Campbell Professorial Chair	1,176,282	1,176,282
Rohrer Scholars for scholarships	1,080,932	1,080,932
Gus & Janice Bader Scholarship	1,019,742	1,019,542
Gourmet Dining Endowed Veterans Medical School Scholarship Fund	1,000,000	—
Lawrence and Rita Salva Medical Scholars Fund for CMSRU	1,000,000	1,000,000
William G. Rohrer Professorial Chair in the College of Business	1,000,000	1,000,000
King Family Professorial Chair	1,000,000	1,000,000
Inspira Health Network Endowed Fund	1,000,000	1,000,000
Endowed Chair for Geriatrics	1,000,000	1,000,000
Larry and Rita Salva Student Financial Assistance Fund for Rowan University	500,000	1,000,000
Other endowment funds	24,288,356	21,442,912
\$	266,958,096	252,436,857

# (14) South Jersey Technology Park at Rowan University, Inc.

#### Component Unit

South Jersey Technology Park at Rowan University, Inc. (SJTP) was established and is being maintained as part of the economic outreach vision of the University, its initial sole member. SJTP hopes to create jobs and job training and provide new and varied "hands-on" educational experiences for the University students as well as combat community deterioration. The goal of SJTP is to create job opportunities and job training for the under-employed and unemployed of the South Jersey region. SJTP is an organization described under Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and therefore exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Code. SJTP's assets are used exclusively for the benefit, support, and promotion of the University and its educational activities. Because the members of the SJTP Board of Directors are appointed by the Board of Trustees of the University, SJTP is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented as part of the University's financial statements.



# (a) Related Party Transactions

#### Lease Agreements

In fiscal year 2008, the University Board of Trustees approved a long-term lease agreement for the SJTP to use a parcel of land owned by the University. The lease commenced on January 1, 2008 and is for 50 years with a renewal term of 20 years. The rental payment as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$53,045 and \$51,500, respectively. The rental payment is subject to GASB 87, as such the interest portion of the payment is included in other nonoperating revenues, net in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for fiscal years 2024 and 2023. The lease is also included in the accompanying statements of net position as discussed in note 1(b)(vi).

The University Board of Trustees approved a lease agreement by and between the University and the SJTP to lease the first floor of the Samuel H. Jones Innovation Center to support its educational mission. Beginning July 16, 2016, the University also assumed the lease for the second floor of the Innovation Center and intends to conduct renovations to increase wet lab space for the University. For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, SJTP recognized \$1,130,785 and \$1,107,375, respectively, in rental income related to this lease agreement. The University also reimbursed SJTP \$200,452 and \$209,982 for utility charges associated with this lease for fiscal year 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### **Business Operating Agreement**

SJTP and the University entered into a business operating agreement for the University to provide certain services and functions to SJTP. SJTP pays the University for these services and functions which include salaries and benefits of employees who perform functions for SJTP, accounting services, custodial services, repairs and maintenance, and other indirect charges. The charges amounted to \$522,064 and \$422,491 for fiscal year 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are reflected in professional and other services expenses in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

#### Services Agreement

During fiscal 2024, SJTP entered into a Staffing Services Agreement with SJTP to address mutual staffing needs. SJTP charges the University a proportionate share of the costs related to the employees as well as a fee based on staffing time utilized by the University. These charges amount to \$28,639 in fiscal year 2024.

# (15) Subsequent Events

The University evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2024 and through December 19, 2024, the date of which the financial statements were issued.



	ROWAN UNIVERSITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey) Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)													
request suppretinitianty (initiation) (initiation) Schedules of Employer Contributions														
Schedules of Employer Communities June 30, 2024														
Public Employees' Retirement System		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	21,342,842 21,342,842	19,833,865 19,833,865	19,973,992 19,973,992	14,018,029 14,018,029	10,282,861 10,282,861	9,320,515 9,320,515	7,325,414 7,325,414	5,331,193 5,331,193	3,690,074 3,690,074	2,386,805 2,386,805			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
University employee covered-payroll	\$	59,057,114	56,738,564	54,444,989	53,739,590	53,894,207	53,123,772	50,762,197	52,135,711	50,275,748	51,495,300			
Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll		36.14 %	34.96 %	36.69 %	26.09 %	19.08 %	17.54 %	14.43 %	10.23 %	7.34 %	4.63 %			
Police and Firemen's Retirement System		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2,802,125 2,802,125	2,934,363 2,934,363	2,803,178 2,803,178	1,925,985 1,925,985	1,491,764 1,491,764	1,248,845 1,248,845	1,069,699 1,069,699	805,419 805,419	545,161 545,161	268,537 268,537			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
University employee covered-payroll	\$	2,719,834	2,388,960	2,220,027	2,259,186	2,214,424	1,974,471	1,901,881	1,960,579	1,918,325	2,066,181			
Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll		103.03 %	122.83 %	126.27 %	85.25 %	67.37 %	63.25 %	56.24 %	41.08 %	28.42 %	13.00 %			

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

ROWAN UNIVERSITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)														
	r Component unit an extra care y (													
		Schedules of P	roportionate Share of June 30, 2024											
			June 30, 2024	•						_				
Public Employees' Retirement System	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
University proportion of the net pension liability – state group University proportion of the net pension liability – total plan	1.174 % 0.712	1.187 % 0.707	1.197 % 0.770	1.138 % 0.654	1.181 % 0.661	1.157 % 0.632	1.152 % 0.604	1.147 % 0.571	1.058 % 0.544	1.184 % 0.613				
University proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ University employee covered-payroll	263,749,830 56,738,564	265,732,975 54,444,989	258,885,863 53,739,590	252,952,884 53,894,207	271,842,274 53,123,772	274,241,746 50,762,197	295,481,815 52,135,711	337,030,671 50,275,748	251,080,946 51,495,300	238,238,870 50,121,737				
University proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the employee covered-payroll	464.9 %	488.1 %	481.7 %	469.4 %	511.7 %	540.2 %	566.8 %	670.4 %	487.6 %	475.3 %				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	48.45 %	46.41 %	51.52 %	42.90 %	42.04 %	40.45 %	36.78 %	31.20 %	38.21 %	42.74 %				
Police and Firemen's Retirement System	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
University proportion of the net pension liability – state group University proportion of the net pension liability – total plan	0.470 % 0.119	0.437 % 0.106	0.433 % 0.131	0.393 % 0.088	0.388 % 0.089	0.412 % 0.091	0.412 % 0.084	0.395 % 0.073	0.379 % 0.073	0.406 % 0.083				
University proportionate share of the net pension liability S University employee covered-payroll	20,806,658 2,388,960	18,911,809 2,220,027	17,603,974 2,259,186	16,879,196 2,214,424	16,288,499 1,974,471	17,849,912 1,901,881	18,121,876 1,960,579	18,589,182 1,918,325	16,256,503 2,066,181	14,428,274 1,985,629				
University proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the employee covered-payroll	871.0 %	851.9 %	779.2 %	762.2 %	825.0 %	938.5 %	924.3 %	969.0 %	786.8 %	726.6 %				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.04 %	63.29 %	71.41 %	58.78 %	60.20 %	57.91 %	54.52 %	48.55 %	52.84 %	58.86 %				
Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
University proportion of the net pension liability	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.002 %	0.010 %	0.012 %				
University proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the University	818,959	888,839	840,599	1,313,388	1,205,870	1,310,288	1,479,732	1,744,239	6,423,696	6,406,231				
Total net pension liability	818,959	888,839	840,599	1,313,388	1,205,870	1,310,288	1,479,732	1,744,239	6,423,696	6,406,231				
University employee covered-payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	7,656	7,656				
University proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the employee covered-payroll	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	%	— %				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	34.68 %	32.29 %	35.52 %	24.60 %	26.95 %	26.49 %	25.41 %	22.33 %	28.71 %	33.64 %				

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Changes in benefit terms – There were no significant changes in benefits for any of the actuarial valuations used to determine required contributions. Changes in sexumptions – The significant changes in assumptions and the annual change in the discount rate and the change in the long-term rate of return as follows:

 PERS

 For 2023, the discount rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2022, the discount rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2023, the discount rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2020, the discount rate changed to 7.00% from 5.28% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2020, the discount rate changed to 7.00% from 5.28% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2020, the discount rate changed to 5.00% from 5.28% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2019, the montility rates changed from RP-2006 tables. To felicocunt rate changed to 5.28% from 5.66% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2019, the montility rates changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2019, the montility rates changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2019, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2017, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.

 For 2016, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.00%.

 For 2016, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.00%.

 For 2015, the discount rate changed to 4.90% from 5.39%.

For 2015, the discourt rate changed to 4.90% from 5.39%.
PFRS
For 2023, the discourt rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2022, the discourt rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2021, the discourt rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2021, the discourt rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2021, the discourt rate changed to 7.00% for 6.5% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2019, the mortality rates changed from RP-2000 tables to Pub-2010 tables.
For 2019, the discourt rate changed to 6.51% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2011, the discourt rate changed to 6.51% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2011, the discourt rate changed to 5.55% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2016, the discourt rate changed to 5.55% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2016, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2016, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2016, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2016, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2016, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2015, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2015, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%.
For 2015, the discourt rate changed to 5.59% of the 0.52%.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

ROWAN UNIVERSITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey) Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability							
June 30, 2024							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
University proportion of the collective total OPEB liability	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %
University proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability associated with the University		419,423,528	489,658,735		382,327,565	486,974,034	
Total OPEB liability \$	397,117,012	419,423,528	489,658,735	568,312,787	382,327,565	486,974,034	554,246,968
University covered-employee payroll \$	181,350,994	199,849,137	189,307,672	195,126,018	210,927,281	196,319,174	172,658,885
University proportionate share of the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %

Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subseq Notes to the Schedule: For the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan, there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Changes in assumptions — There were no significant changes in assumptions except for the annual change in the discount rate. For 2024, the discount rate changed to 3.65% from 3.50%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021. For 2023, the discount rate changed to 2.16% from 2.21%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021. For 2021, the discount rate changed to 2.21% from 3.26%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021. For 2021, the discount rate changed to 2.21% from 3.60%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021. For 2021, the discount rate changed to 2.21% from 3.60%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2020. For 2021, the discount rate changed to 3.87% from 3.58%.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.